BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS COMMISSION OF INQUIRY

HEARINGS: DAY 25

(TUESDAY 13 JULY 2021)

International Arbitration Centre 3rd floor Ritter House Wickhams Cay II Road Town, Tortola

Before:

Commissioner Rt Hon Sir Gary Hickinbottom

Mr Niki Olympitis of Withers LLP and Mr Hussein Haeri (instructed by the Attorney General) appeared for various BVI Government Ministers and public officials.

Mr Daniel Fligelstone Davies of Silk Legal appeared for those members of the House of Assembly who are not members of the Government.

Counsel to the Commission Mr Bilal Rawat also appeared.

Mr Jeremiah Frett gave evidence. Mr Glenroy A. Forbes gave evidence.

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Those present: Session 1 Mr Niki Olympitis, Withers LLP (attending remotely) Mr Daniel Fligelstone Davies, Silk Legal (attending remotely) Mr Bilal Rawat Ms Juienna Tasaddiq, Assistant Secretary to the Commission Mr Andrew King, Senior Solicitor to the Commission Ms Rhea Harrikissoon, Solicitor to the Commission Mr Dame Peters, Audio-Visual Technician (attending remotely) Session 2 Mr Hussein Haeri, Withers LLP (attending remotely) Mr Bilal Rawat Mr Jeremiah Frett (attending remotely) Mr Steven Chandler, Secretary to the Commission Ms Juienna Tasaddiq, Assistant Secretary to the Commission Mr Andrew King, Senior Solicitor to the Commission Ms Rhea Harrikissoon, Solicitor to the Commission Mr Dame Peters, Audio-Visual Technician (attending remotely) Session 3 Mr Bilal Rawat Mr Glenroy A Forbes (attending remotely) Ms Juienna Tasaddiq, Assistant Secretary to the Commission Mr Andrew King, Senior Solicitor to the Commission Ms Rhea Harrikissoon, Solicitor to the Commission Mr Dame Peters, Audio-Visual Technician (attending remotely)

1 P R O C E E D I N G S 2 Session 1 3 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Mr Peters, we are ready to 4 qo, live-streamed. Thank you very much. 5 Good. Mr Rawat. MR RAWAT: Good morning, Commissioner. Can I, for the 6 7 Transcript, introduce the representation, which is all remote. 8 First, Mr Niki Olympitis appears on behalf of the 9 Attorney General and the elected Ministers; and, secondly, 10 Mr Daniel Fligelstone Davies appears on behalf of seven Members 11 of the House of Assembly. 12 We were due to start, Commissioner, at 9:30. 13 Regrettably, Mr Fligelstone Davies was detained longer than he 14 expected in another hearing, which is why we started slightly 15 later. 16 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, thank you. 17 MR RAWAT: The first matter that is before you, 18 Commissioner, is legal submissions in relation to two matters. 19 Previously, the participants have been invited to make written 20 submissions on two issues: 21 The first of this is the definition of the term 22 "corruption, abuse of office, or other serious dishonesty", 23 which appears in paragraph 1 of your Terms of Reference. 24 And the second is the applicability of the Salmon 25 Principles to the work of a Commission of Inquiry.

1 The purpose of this morning is to hear further oral 2 submissions from participants on those two matters. They have 3 been asked to focus their oral submissions on addressing any 4 additional matters rather than repeating the written submissions, and the participants have been allocated 15 minutes 5 6 in which to address you, if they wish. 7 If I could just perhaps set out the framework of each 8 matter. 9 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, thank you. 10 MR RAWAT: The first matter I suggest that you deal 11 with is the definitions. You have received written submissions 12 from the Attorney General on this matter and also written 13 submissions from Silk Legal. There appears to be broad 14 agreement as to what the terms cover, and I don't, in general, 15 desist from that, but perhaps the one area where I would reserve 16 my position as counsel, Commissioner, is the question of whether "other serious dishonesty" encompasses the purely criminal, 17 18 which is a submission made by the Attorney General. 19 A few questions, in my submission, arise at this 20 point, and that is what I would invite you to ask the 21 participants to address you on. 2.2 The first is, given the submissions that they have 23 made on the definitions, do they accept that the acts or 24 omissions of elected officials fall within the ambit of the 25 definition.

1 And second is, what conduct do they say does fall 2 within the ambit of the term as set out in your Terms of 3 Reference. So, I would pause there, and perhaps you might wish to 4 hear from Mr Olympitis in the first instance. 5 6 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, thank you very much, 7 Mr Rawat. Mr Olympitis, I have read the--obviously all of the 8 9 submissions, but particularly the submissions made on behalf of 10 the Attorney General. Thank you very much. They were very 11 helpful. 12 Just dealing with the first point raised by Mr Rawat, 13 I had assumed, given the nature of the Terms of Reference, that 14 you accept that your submissions in respect of the scope of this 15 phrase "corruption, abuse of office, or other serious 16 dishonesty", covers public officials in elected office. 17 MR OLYMPITIS: Yes, I think that's right. I don't 18 think we would argue with that as a principle. 19 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you very much. I 20 thought that was the case. 21 In terms of ambit of conduct, the written submissions 2.2 have helpfully set out the very many different offenses in the 23 BVI that fall under the general umbrella of "corruption, abuse 24 of office, or other serious dishonesty" in a criminal context. 25 As I say, there are a considerable number of offenses.

1 It seems to me that, for my purposes, it's sufficient 2 that I look at the phrase as a whole and, therefore, if conduct 3 falls within one element of the phrase, that's really sufficient 4 from my point of view. I don't really have to decide whether, if you're right--if you're right--and it has to be criminal 5 6 conduct--whether that criminal conduct falls better or 7 exclusively in one particular crime or another; or, if it falls within one particular crime, for example, under Section 98, 8 9 whether it would--might also fall within another Section dealing 10 with some other form of corruption.

If that's right, and given your submission which, with respect, I think is right, that "abuse of office", in the phrase, you say plainly encompasses the offense of misconduct in public office, and you helpfully referred to cases like Chapman, which set out really now quite clearly the elements of misconduct in public office, given that, do you accept these as propositions:

18 Firstly, that a Public Officer, including an elected 19 officer, exercising his or her public functions in that office, 20 must act in the public interest and only in the public interest; 21 and, if he or she knowingly act other than in the public 2.2 interest, then that falls within the phrase as a whole. Ι 23 think, on your analysis, it would fall within "misconduct in 24 public office", but it would fall within the phrase as a whole. 25 MR OLYMPITIS: Yes.

1	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Is that a prop (audio
2	distortion) for oral submissions, I think it is. I just wanted
3	to
4	MR OLYMPITIS: No, no problem with that.
5	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, thank you very much,
6	Mr Olympitis.
7	Those, I think, deal with the two matters particularly
8	raised by Mr Rawat. I'm not sure there will be, but is there
9	anything else you want to add to ambit of conduct other than
10	your written submissions and thataccepting that proposition
11	clearly?
12	MR OLYMPITIS: No, I think we're fine on our written
13	submissions.
14	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you very much, Mr
15	Olympitis. Thank you for them; they were very clear.
16	Now, Mr Fligelstone Davies, again, just dealing with
17	those two matters, again with you, do you accept that "acts and
18	omissions of elected Public Officers" fall within the scope of
19	"Public Officers"?
20	I think you're on mute, Mr Fligelstone Davies, or at
21	least I can't hear you.
22	MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: Yes, Mr Commissioner, and the
23	reason for that is that a Public Official isfor the purposes
24	of the Criminal Code, includes elected officials.
25	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Good. Thank you very

1	much.
2	And in terms of the ambit of conduct, without going
3	through the same propositions, do you agree with Mr Olympitis
4	that that conduct would fall within that phrase?
5	MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: If it is knowingly done, then
6	that would necessarily beprobably fall under the category of
7	"abuse of office".
8	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Quite. I accept that it
9	has to be knowingly and not accidently or anything less than
10	knowingly. I understand that, and I think that's right and it,
11	as it were, more obviously falls within abuse of office, but as
12	said that depends on what precisely the conduct is because the
13	conduct which falls within "abuse of office" could, of course,
14	fall under another Section of the criminal code as well.
15	Good. Thank you very much.
16	And again, anything else that you want to add on ambit
17	of conduct over and above the legal submissions that you and
18	Mr Olympitis have made?
19	MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: Yes, Mr Commissioner. Just
20	one small point.
21	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes.
22	MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: Is thatand it just came to
23	mind when I was preparing a bit for today. If the Commission is
24	going to be making recommendations for thatrecommendation that
25	criminal proceedings be initiated rather than necessary charges

or for things to be further investigated by the DPP, I would suggest that--well, my line of thinking is that the Commission must base those recommendations mainly on what it considers to be admissible evidence as to--as rather in a--what would be otherwise inadmissible hearsay within a court setting.

6 And I make that submission on the basis that, while 7 the Commission itself is not bound to follow the Rules of 8 Evidence for the purposes of making its Report as a whole or 9 even assessing whether or not the systems of governance in the 10 British Virgin Islands are compatible with international law and 11 acceptable standards, when it comes to making charges or recommending that criminal proceedings be done, I--be 12 13 instituted, I would suggest that to base a recommendation on 14 what is otherwise inadmissible hearsay evidence could be 15 construed as making recommendations that are based on irrational 16 or unreasonable considerations within the "Rinsby" (phonetic and 17 unclear) principles. That's just--that's the only other tidbit 18 that I was--that I wanted to raise before, Mr Commissioner. 19

19 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you very much, 20 Mr Fligelstone Davies. That's quite a long way down the line in 21 terms of recommendations. We're at the moment talking 22 about--really about findings that the--that I might make in the 23 Report, but in terms of recommendations, that is a long way down 24 the line.

25

And, of course, although it's possible that some of

1	the evidence which has been adduced before me may not be
2	admissible in a criminal court, that's possible. But, of
3	course, if there were to be a criminal investigation of any of
4	the matters that are covered by the Report, that, of course, may
5	result in other evidence coming forward that would be
6	admissible.
7	But I certainly understand your point, and I'll
8	certainly take that into account when we come to
9	recommendations. Thank you very much.
10	MR OLYMPITIS: Commissioner, Commissioner, Ijust one
11	small point
12	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes.
13	MR OLYMPITIS:in relation to serious dishonesty. I
14	mean, I just want to make it clearand I think it is clear from
15	our written submissionsI want to make it clear that "serious
16	dishonesty" does have a meaning, and we say "serious dishonesty"
17	elevates it to criminal dishonesty, not just misconduct; no,
18	it's got to be "serious dishonesty".
19	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Well, I understand that,
20	but misconduct in public office, the casesI mean, you've
21	raised the cases very properly, cases such as Chapman, that go
22	into that, go into, as it were, the seriousness of the
23	misconduct.
24	MR OLYMPITIS: Yes.
25	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: And soI mean, I

1	understand what you say about dishonestywell, I understand
2	what you say about dishonesty, and also that the Terms of
3	Reference refer to "other serious dishonesty".
4	MR OLYMPITIS: Yes.
5	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: I understand that point.
6	MR OLYMPITIS: Yes.
7	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: And that serious must be
8	given
9	MR OLYMPITIS: Some meaning.
10	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Some meaning. Exactly.
11	Thank you very much.
12	Mr Rawat, is there anything else on that?
13	REALTIME STENOGRAPHER: Your microphone was not on.
14	We did not catch what you said, Mr Rawat.
15	MR RAWAT: Sorry, Mr Kasdan, I had the microphone on
16	mute.
17	Just for the Transcript, in response to the
18	Commissioner's question as to whether I had further submissions
19	in response, the short answer is "no".
20	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: No.
21	And I think you and the participants are generally in
22	agreement with regard to the scope of that phrase.
23	MR RAWAT: Yes.
24	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: I mean, I know you reserve
25	the position with regard to non-criminal serious dishonesty. I

1 understand that. 2 MR RAWAT: Yes. 3 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: And their position is very 4 clear on that. 5 MR RAWAT: Yes. 6 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: It has to be criminal. 7 MR RAWAT: Yes. COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: But I think that if we 8 9 focus on the conduct, that would be helpful. 10 MR RAWAT: Yes. 11 And I remind myself that, of course, your Terms of 12 Reference require you to establish whether there is information 13 that "corruption, abuse of office or other serious dishonesty" 14 in relation to officials where the statutory, elected or public, 15 may have taken place--16 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes. 17 MR RAWAT: --in recent years. 18 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes. Okay, so I think 19 that--20 That deals with that issue. MR RAWAT: 21 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Deals with that, yes. 2.2 MR RAWAT: If I could turn to the second issue, which 23 is the Salmon Principles. The position there is that, on the 24 13th of June, Silk Legal submitted that a Commission of Inquiry, 25 and specifically this Commission of Inquiry, was bound to apply

1	
1	the six Salmon Principles because they represented "the law of
2	the land".
3	Just perhaps for the benefit of anyone who might be
4	following these proceedings online, the Salmon Principles
5	emerged from a Royal Commission of Inquiry chaired by the Rt.
6	Hon. Lord Justice Salmon, which was appointed in 1966
7	(Overlapping speakers.)
8	MR RAWAT: Sir, I paused in casewhether
9	Mr Fligelstone Davies was about to say something.
10	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: No, I think
11	(Overlapping speakers.)
12	MR RAWAT: Right. I'll continue.
13	In February 1966, a Royal Commission chaired by the
14	Rt. Hon. Lord Justice Salmon was appointed to review the
15	workings of the Tribunal of Inquiry Evidence Act 1921 and
16	consider whether it should be retained, and if retained, whether
17	any changes are necessary or desirable and to make
18	recommendations.
19	The report of that Royal Commission has come to be
20	known as the Salmon Report, and amongst its recommendations,
21	which were focused on the 1921 Act, was six principles which
22	again have come to be known as the "Salmon Principles", and they
23	are as follows:
24	"Before any person becomes involved in any inquiry,
25	the Tribunal must be satisfied that there are circumstances

1	which affect him and which the Tribunal proposes to
2	investigate".
3	Number two: "Before any person who is involved in an
4	inquiry is called as a witness, he should be informed of any
5	allegations which are made against him and the substance of the
6	evidence in support of them".
7	Three: "(a), he should be given an adequate
8	opportunity of preparing his case and of being assisted by his
9	legal advisors". And "(b) his legal expenses should normally be
10	met out of public funds".
11	Four: "He should have the opportunity of being
12	examined by his own solicitor or counselor in stating his case
13	in public at the inquiry".
14	Five: "Any material witness he wishes called at the
15	inquiry should, if reasonably practicable, be heard".
16	Six: "He should have the opportunity of testing by
17	cross-examination conducted by his only Solicitor or counsel any
18	evidence which may affect him".
19	The submission of Silk Legal goes to the procedure
20	that any Commission of Inquiry established in the Eastern
21	Caribbean can adopt, and they submit that, in fact, that, on the
22	basis of the applicability of the Salmon Principles, that
23	Section 13 of the Commission of Inquiry Act contravenes the
24	Virgin Islands Constitution Order of 2007. And you'll remember,
25	Commissioner, that that Act gives you the discretion to allow

1 examination and cross-examination insofar as you consider it 2 proper.

3 But Silk Legal's submission goes, it seems, further 4 than that, in that they're saying that the Rules that you have issued under Section 9 of the Commissions of Inquiry Act, and 5 6 specifically Rule 27, also contravenes the Constitution. Rule 7 27 allows--firstly requires that if any participant or counsel for a witness wishes to put questions to a witness, they must 8 9 first discuss it or seek to put the questions through me as 10 counsel for Commission. If in the event that I don't agree to 11 put those questions, then they have the fallback position of 12 making an application to you to put questions to a witness.

In my submission, that requirement that they make an application to the Commission is consistent with Section 13 because it is the only way in which a Commissioner can determine whether the questions that are going to be put are proper.

17 So, that gave rise to an invitation to participants to 18 address you further and address you today on this question, and 19 that is whether the Commission of Inquiry is required to apply 20 the Salmon Principles inflexibly or at all.

21 On Silk Legal's submission, the answer to that is 22 "yes", you are bound to adopt it as a framework. In my 23 submission--

24 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: What they say, as I 25 understand it, Mr Rawat, is that the Salmon Principles aren't

principles at all; they're rules of law, which are mandatory and, as I understand their submission, sufficient. So, a Commission of Inquiry has to proceed on this rigid basis, and it is sufficient in terms of what they call "natural justice" for the Commission of Inquiry to do that.

6 MR RAWAT: Yes, and that is the way in which, by 7 adopting--following the law, which is the six Salmon Principles, 8 or what I think were described in the submission as Salmon Rules 9 because they are now part of the law, that is--

10 MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: Mr Commissioner, in an effort 11 to assist and avoid time that can be saved, we at Silk Legal do 12 concede on the point that the Salmon Rules cannot be inflexibly 13 applied and we have--I've discussed this with counsel for the 14 Attorney General, and we generally concede and go along with 15 Attorney General's position on the matter, if that would assist 16 in expediting matters at all.

17 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you, Mr Fligelstone18 Davies. It might well. Thank you.

MR RAWAT: It certainly shortens matters because it amounts to a reversal of the position. If I just, perhaps, for the Transcript, outline what the position of the Attorney General is, and that is--and I hope I do that fairly--that the guiding principle must be fairness and observance of the basic rules of natural justice, and--but it's not necessary to comply with the Salmon Rules in respect of every possible--they focus 1 on criticisms that may be made of--every possible criticism made 2 of a witness, provided the witness is afforded a fair 3 opportunity to respond.

And that, in terms of my own written submissions which were disclosed to the parties, that they chime with what the Attorney General has said, and they were served before I saw the Attorney General's written submissions.

8 But to summarise my position, firstly, that it is not 9 right to say that, in the Authority, that Silk Legal originally 10 relied on that the--a Judge of the High Court of the Eastern 11 Caribbean was purported to make or state the law.

Secondly, as Mr Fligelstone-Davis has conceded, that they are not rules of law. One can find reference to the Salmon Rules, but when one looks at it, they--such reference always goes back to the fact that they are guidelines. What there isn't is a statute or statutory instrument within a Commonwealth jurisdiction where they have been imported without any change or consideration straight into law.

19And my position is that any Commission of Inquiry is20entitled to make its own procedure and regulate its own21procedure, and that is for obvious reasons, the subject matter22of the Commission changes and is different, and it must do that.23It isn't, as you have said yourself, Commissioner, a24court of law. You are required to conduct an investigation and25to report. And, in doing so, you will have regard to the need

to conduct an effective investigation, an investigation that proceeds expeditiously and with regard to expenditure of public funds. But above all, you will have regard to the need to act with procedural fairness, and part of ensuring procedural fairness is being able to act flexibly.

6 But it comes down to this, and this is the point that 7 the Attorney General's submissions are focused on: That what 8 they must be is a fair and reasonable opportunity to allow 9 individuals who may be subject to criticism an opportunity to 10 respond to that, and that is the criticisms that may arise from 11 the evidence.

12 The rigid approach originally pressed for by Silk 13 Legal would have actually meant that--proceeds on the, I think, 14 flawed assumption that the first time you call a witness, there 15 may be evidence--that there may already be evidence that 16 of--that gives rise to a potential criticism. And, in the real 17 world, that's not so. What is key is that in conducting the 18 investigation, a Commissioner acts with procedural fairness.

19 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Mr Rawat, before I just 20 come to Mr Fligelstone Davies and Mr Olympitis, the Attorney 21 General, in her submissions--I'll read it out, which is the 22 quickest way. In paragraph 4.4, that procedural fairness may 23 well--I'm quoting now--"involve advance warning of the nature of 24 the allegation and notice of any relevant documents"--I think 25 that, just to interpose, relevant evidence, I think, because

there may be evidence--there may be oral evidence that the Commissioner has received--"in order that the witness has an adequate opportunity to prepare to deal with the allegation", and then it goes on to say, "as contemplated by" the "Salmon Principles."...

6

But do you agree with that approach?

7 Yes, that--and although there has been a MR RAWAT: tendency to refer to notices of criticism as "Salmon letters", 8 9 in my submission, that's perhaps not a helpful or modern 10 approach to adopt. The better way, perhaps, is to describe them 11 as "criticism letters". And the extent--they are not and should 12 not be seen as quasi-pleadings. They don't stop a witness being 13 asked additional questions on other matters. What, really, it 14 comes back to is the witness being given a fair opportunity to 15 respond, and that is not just to respond to criticisms that a 16 Commission of Inquiry may draw to that witness' attention, but 17 also to criticisms that one participant may wish to make of another or may wish to make of a witness. 18

And that also takes us back to the importance of Section 13 and of the Rules because what the protection that is intended to be afforded a witness is not just protection from being surprised by questions that are being put on behalf of the Commissioner, it is also not to be ambushed by another participant. And so, participants are under an obligation to give early notice, as well, of any criticisms that they may wish

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1	to make.		
2	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, because of the		
3	importance of being fair to the person in respect of whom any		
4	criticism is made. Yes, that's very helpful.		
5	Anything else, Mr Rawat, on that?		
6	MR RAWAT: Not at this point, Commissioner.		
7	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Mr Fligelstone Davies,		
8	thank you for your intervention, which I think may well have cut		
9	things short.		
10	As I understand it, you effectively agree with the		
11	stance taken by the Attorney General in her short and helpful		
12	submissions; is that right?		
13	I'm sorry, I think you're on mute, Mr Fligelstone		
14	Davies.		
15	MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: I do apologise for that again.		
16	Yes. I wouldn't want to go beyond what the Attorney		
17	General, the head of thethe titular head of the Bar, has said.		
18	Suffice it to say, though, probably apart from the fact, maybe		
19	the only point of departure is the fact that how does one		
20	effectively respond to a criticism. If one is to effectively		
21	respond to a criticism, it may entailand this is just a		
22	suggestionthat some witnesses are recalled so that certain		
23	questions can be put to them, either through Mr Rawat or		
24	yourself or through the participant's counsel, which they think		
25	are material. Of course, the Commission would have advance		

1 notice in that respect of the questions that the--that other 2 counsels may wish to ask of that particular witness, having had 3 the time to peruse all the evidence forensically. 4 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: I mean, that's covered by 5 the Attorney General's note. 6 MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: Yes. I might have missed it. 7 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: It refers to the -- "it may benefit from being tested in cross-examination". Well, I think 8 it depends on the circumstances of the criticism. 9 10 MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: Indeed. 11 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: In a particular case, that 12 may be right, and the cases are, again, clear on that. I mean, 13 it depends upon the circumstances of the criticism. The 14 important thing is--and I think this comes out of the Attorney 15 General's written submissions and what Mr Rawat has said this 16 morning--it is procedural fairness, and anyone in respect of 17 whom criticisms are made need to have a fair and full 18 opportunity to respond to those. 19 And as the Attorney General says, because she sets out 20 a number of factors, which may, depending upon the nature of the 21 criticism, be relevant to what fair process requires, is the 2.2 extent to which the allegations founded in documents or other 23 oral evidence, and the possible need for some evidence to be 24 tested in cross-examination. 25 But it all depends upon, really, I think, the person

1	having prior notice and then having an opportunity to make
2	submissions on the criticism and how the person considers that
3	it should be approached in terms of procedure by the Commission
4	of Inquiry. But, I mean, I have no difficulty with that.
5	The key thing is procedural fairness, and that will
6	depend upon the circumstances of the criticism, and that, I
7	certainly accept, depends upon prior notice, proper prior notice
8	being given to anyone in respect of whom criticism is made, to
9	enable them properly to prepare their response.
10	MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: Absolutely. I mean, I agree
11	with that entirely.
12	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Good.
13	And, Mr Olympitis, I mean, I've just really outlined
14	what the Attorney General has said, so I suspect you are going
15	to agree with it. But is there anything else to add?
16	MR OLYMPITIS: Well, no. I think we've all ended up
17	in the same place. And we did have one or two minor issues with
18	Mr Rawat's submission, but we do all end up in the same place,
19	which is procedural fairness.
20	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes.
21	MR OLYMPITIS: I mean Salmon letters, whatever they're
22	called, and, I mean, and they are called "Salmon letters" in
23	this jurisdiction. You'll see that in some of the Authorities.
24	But it doesn't matter. It will all come down to the same thing,
25	and that is advance notice, knowing what the case is against the

1 individual, and being able to prepare and test it. 2 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Exactly. 3 And, I mean, they're called Salmon letters in other 4 jurisdictions, too, including--5 MR OLYMPITIS: Yes. 6 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: -- England and Wales. 7 But--8 MR OLYMPITIS: Absolutely. 9 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: -- and that's fine as a 10 shorthand. 11 MR OLYMPITIS: Yes. 12 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: But the problem is we all 13 appreciate the purpose of these letters is to put those against 14 whom criticisms are made on proper notice--15 MR OLYMPITIS: Yes. 16 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: -- and not to elevate the 17 Salmon Principles beyond their proper scope. 18 MR OLYMPITIS: Yes. 19 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Is there anything else on 20 that, Mr Rawat? 21 MR RAWAT: I don't believe so. I think, as 2.2 Mr Olympitis said, we've all, by different routes, reached the 23 same position --24 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes. 25 MR RAWAT: --as I understand it.

1	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: And, for myself, I'm quite
2	confident, quite sure that that must be the right approach.
3	Procedural fairness is the lone standard here, and the matters
4	which I have to take into account, some of them, are helpfully
5	set out by the Attorney General.
6	MR RAWAT: I think what I would add, though, of
7	course, is that, firstly, that one of the other factors that
8	bears upon formulating the procedure is the extent to which the
9	witness against whom criticisms may be leveled is the other
10	documents that that witness may have access to.
11	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes.
12	MR RAWAT: And another point, perhaps, to make is
13	that, in the context of an investigation, what notice is being
14	given, of course, is the potential or best provisional
15	criticisms, but it is ultimately giving people a fair
16	opportunity to respond to something that may ultimately lead to
17	a finding.
18	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Noexactly. There's
19	simply provisional criticisms that appear to arise or may arise
20	from the documents and/or the oral evidence that we've heard.
21	Good. Thank you very much. I think that concludes
22	those two matters.
23	I mean, given that now everybody seems to be in
24	agreement, really, on both of those matters, subject to the
25	reservation brought by you, Mr Rawat, on non-criminal

1	dishonesty, is the best way for you, perhaps, to draft a short
2	note on those two matters in terms of what has been really
3	agreed between the participants and the Commission of Inquiry so
4	that there can be no doubt as to the way that we're going to go
5	forward.
6	MR RAWAT: Yes, I shall do that.
7	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: And that can be done,
8	perhaps, once we've got the Transcript.
9	MR RAWAT: Yes.
10	MR OLYMPITIS: One point I'd like to just raise is the
11	provision of bundles in advance. I just want to, perhaps when
12	Mr Rawat drafts up his notes, we can perhaps talk about some
13	kind of minimum period or something like that.
14	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Nocertainly. I mean,
15	again, the period that would be required to respond must be a
16	reasonable period. That will, of course, depend upon the
17	criticisms and the amount of work required do the response.
18	But, Mr Olympitis, you're right, just as a criticism
19	can't be made at an oral hearing without any notice, any witness
20	needs to have proper notice to be able to prepare, and that can
21	certainly be taken into account. And it may be that a protocol
22	from the COI assists on this, on the way in which we're going to
23	approach these criticism letters, these Salmon letters, but,
24	certainly, the degree of notice is something which can then be
25	worked into that in some form or other.

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1 MR OLYMPITIS: But it would be good to have some input 2 into that.

3 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, yes, certainly. 4 MR RAWAT: The observation I have--I mean, what we have to bear in mind, of course, is that the purpose behind 5 6 Salmon letters was intended not to have someone coming along 7 giving oral evidence, then suddenly being surprised by a criticism or--that arises from a piece--particularly if it arose 8 9 from a piece of evidence that they were not aware of, and giving 10 notice of potential criticism is the first stage.

The second stage is then determining--and it's then a matter for you, Commissioner--the best way in which someone can then provide a response. And it may well be in some cases that what is simply required is that they have notice, that they--they have a sufficient opportunity to respond, but they don't necessarily need to respond in writing. It's as--they could come along and give their answers.

18 Also the purpose of giving them notice is not only 19 that they are then aware of question--no, of the areas upon 20 which they may be questioned, but also that they have an 21 opportunity to identify and draw to the attention of the 2.2 Commission other relevant documents that are in their possession 23 but which has not been provided to the Commission. COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: 24 No--exactly. 25 Mr Olympitis, you know this because this comes out of

the cases in which--which are in your bundle, but there are circumstances in which, to respond to a criticism, it's not necessary to hear oral evidence, but there will be some cases in which it is necessary to hear oral evidence. There are some cases in which it will be helpful to have, perhaps, an Affidavit, but certainly any documents which the individual wishes to rely upon, of course, in advance.

8 Good. But as I say, I think it may be helpful if we 9 work on a protocol so that everybody knows how we're going to 10 approach that stage of the Inquiry.

11

MR OLYMPITIS: Yes.

MR FLIGELSTONE DAVIES: Yes. Great. That point, as helpfully pointed out, by Mr Rawat, that was the Hoffman case, wasn't it? And he suffered from not responding at all and then complaining that he hadn't been given an opportunity to respond, having been given the opportunity in writing, yes.

17 Just as a--all right.

18 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Quite.

MR RAWAT: In terms of the next stage of today's proceedings, Commissioner, we have our next witness scheduled at 11:00.
COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes.
MR RAWAT: So perhaps, if I could ask you to rise, we

24 would, in any event, need to restructure, I think, the remote 25 hearings so that the witness can come online.

1		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes. Thank you very much,
2	Mr Rawat.	
3		Thank you, Mr Fligelstone Davies.
4		Thank you, Mr Olympitis.
5		(Recess.)

1	
1	Session 2
2	JEREMIAH FRETT, COMMISSION WITNESS, RECALLED
3	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Good, Mr Rawat. Thank you
4	very much.
5	MR RAWAT: Thank you, Commissioner.
6	Commissioner, our first witness of the day is
7	Mr Jeremiah Frett, the Financial Secretary to the British Virgin
8	Islands Government.
9	Mr Frett has previously given evidence to the
10	Commission, and so hethere's no reason for him to take the
11	oath or to affirm again. He's still bound by his earlier oath
12	and affirmation.
13	BY MR RAWAT:
14	Q. So, Mr Frett, can I, before I turn to you, just also
15	for the purpose of the Transcript, just introduce the
16	representation that is present online. Mr Hussein Haeri appears
17	on behalf of the Attorney General and the elected Ministers.
18	There is no representative from Silk Legal now in the Hearing.
19	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes. Thank you, Mr Rawat.
20	Good morning, Mr Frett. I hope you can see and hear
21	us properly.
22	THE WITNESS: Good morning, Commissioner. Yes, I can.
23	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Good. Thank you very
24	much.
25	BY MR RAWAT:

1	Q. Mr Frett, first of all, thank you very much for
2	returning to give further assistance to the Commission.
3	Can I just ask you just to remember one thing, and
4	that is, if you could try and keep your voice up, please, so
5	that we can all hear you and just also to speak slowly. One of
6	the lessons that everyone has to learn when doing these hearings
7	remotely is to try and not speak over each other. I will try
8	and do that, and if I do cut across, I will stop and give you an
9	opportunity to finish your answer.
10	A. Thank you, Commissioner.
11	Q. You have, I think, been written to, and it's been
12	explained to you that there are a number of reports that were
13	produced by the Auditor General and the Internal Auditor on
14	which we would welcome your assistance.
15	Now, just again to remind us in terms of background, I
16	think you've confirmed when you last gave evidence to the
17	Commissioner that you have occupied senior positions in the
18	Ministry of Finance since 2003; is that right?
19	A. That is correct, Commissioner.
20	Q. And you were, I think, appointed Acting Financial
21	Secretary as from the 1st of January 2021?
22	A. It is correct, Commissioner.
23	Q. And prior to that date, Mr Frett, did you hold any
24	position as Deputy Financial Secretary?
25	A. Yes, I did, Commissioner. I was the Acting Deputy

1	Finar	ncial	Secretary.
2		Q.	And fromover what period were you in that role?
3		Α.	Just one second, Commissioner.
4			(Pause.)
5		Α.	It would have been from around August 2019.
6		Q.	Thank you.
7			Now, if I turn, first of all, to the issue of the
8	Assis	stance	e Grants Programme that's operated by the House of
9	Assen	nbly,	you have, in fact, recently provided an Affidavit in
10	relat	ion	to that, and I'd like to ask you some question arising
11	out c	of that	at. Do you have a copy of it with you?
12		Α.	Which one is that, Commissioner?
13		Q.	That's your Third Affidavit.
14		Α.	Okay, Commissioner.
15		Q.	And can you just confirm for us, Mr Frett, that you
16	have	the 2	Affidavit and its exhibits with you?
17		Α.	I do believe this is the one I'm looking at,
18	Commi	ssio	ner.
19		Q.	Thank you.
20		Α.	Yes.
21		Q.	Now, the Internal Auditor produced two reports, the
22	one m	nost :	recently was in 2011, in relation to the process by
23	which	Ass:	istance Grants are approved, and the Commission has
24	also	take	n evidence from several Members of the House of
25	Assen	nbly (on this.

We know that the Internal Audit Department raised concerns over the programme in their First Report, which is in May 2009, and made recommendations. And when the Department returned to do a follow-up audit in 2011, no recommendation had been implemented.

6 Were you, Mr Frett, before being notified by the
7 Commission about these reports, were you aware of the concerns
8 that had been raised by the Internal Audit Department?

9 A. Commissioner, I do not recall being aware of these10 particular reports.

11 Now, if you could just help us with this in terms of Q. 12 lines of reporting, the reports that were prepared by the 13 Internal Audit Department relate to the House of Assembly, but 14 they appear to be addressed--or there's a logo on the front that 15 says--indicates they're addressed to the Premier's Office, so 16 we'll go into what role the Ministry of Finance plays in that, 17 but in terms of reporting lines, does the House of Assembly sit 18 under the Premier's Office in terms of its general day-to-day 19 administration?

A. Commissioner, to my knowledge, that is not the current
arrangement. The House of Assembly falls under the Deputy
Governor's Office umbrella, I do recall. I stand corrected if
that is not the case.

Q. That's you're--that's your understanding as Acting-A. Yes. It's not under the House--it's not under the

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1	Premier's Office.
2	Q. Do you know whether, in the past it has ever been
3	under the Premier's Office?
4	A. Since, in my senior capacity in the service, I do not
5	ever recall it being under the Premier's Office.
6	Q. Thank you.
7	Now, whatthe Affidavit you have and if you've got
8	that in front of you, that will be helpful.
9	A. Yes.
10	Q. But you make the point that, as Financial Secretary,
11	you would not have a role in the process by which Assistance
12	Grants are approved and paid out; is that right?
13	A. That is correct, Commissioner.
14	Q. What you have set out, Mr Frett, though, is the
15	process, as you understand it, and it obviously starts with an
16	application that is submitted to a Member of the House of
17	Assembly and which then goes to the Clerk of the House of
18	Assembly, and the Clerk will then issue, you explained, a
19	Purchase Order as permitted under the Public Finance Management
20	Regulations of 2005; is that right?
21	A. Commissioner, correct.
22	Q. Now, in terms of the exhibits that you have
23	accompanying that Affidavit, can I ask you to turn, please, to
24	page 62 in those exhibits.
25	A. Okay.

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1	Commissioner, page 62 refers to what?
2	Q. It should refer to Regulation 172 of the
3	(Overlapping speakers.)
4	QFinance Management Regulations.
5	A. Go right ahead.
6	Q. Thank you, Mr Frett.
7	A. Thank you.
8	Q. And that, as we understand it, and the Commissioner
9	recently took evidence from Dr Drexel Glasgow, who you will no
10	doubt know, and Dr Glasgow explained that that's a provision in
11	the regulations that deal with Purchase Orders. Would you agree
12	with that?
13	A. I'm not sure if I'm going to fully agree with that,
14	Commissioner. If you look at 172, it says the purchase from any
15	distributor, wholesaler, or retailer. In this instance we are
16	not purchasing, we are not procuring a goods and services. It
17	is a mechanism in the JDEdwards software system in how wehow
18	we transmit, how wethe process, the administration of
19	processes to get access, to be able to process various payments.
20	So, in the case of Assistance Grants, this should not
21	apply to that where a Purchase Order is in relation to this
22	particular area here, but it's for the procurement of goods and
23	service, and Assistance Grants is not procuring any goods and
24	services.
25	Q. You'veyou're one question ahead of me, Mr Frett.

1	A. Okay.
2	Q. You answered it for me, and you're right, it doesn't
3	look like 172 would apply to the situation that we are
4	discussing.
5	And so, what Igiven that you said that in your
6	Affidavit that the issuance of a Purchase Order is governed by
7	the regulations, did you have any other regulation in mind that
8	might apply to the use of a Purchase Order in this situation?
9	A. Can you point me, Commissioner, to the Affidavit point
10	that the
11	Q. Yes.
12	If you look at your paragraph 6, you say: "The
13	Clerk's Office accesses the assist grants vote by issuing a
14	Purchase Order. The issuance of a Purchase Order is governed by
15	the Public Finance Management Regulation 2005". And, as you
16	pointed out, 172 doesn't really seem to apply; and so, my
17	question was whether there was any other regulation that you had
18	in mind.
19	A. Commissioner, no. Not to my knowledge, no.
20	Q. Would a fairer way of putting it be your earlier
21	answer, and that is that the Purchase Order mechanism has to be
22	used in order for the Clerk of the House to ensure that,
23	effectively, payment is made out?
24	A. Commissioner, yes.
25	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thatas Mr Rawat said,

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1	that's the mechanism by which the money is released.
2	THE WITNESS: Commissioner, yes.
3	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you.
4	BY MR RAWAT:
5	Q. And what you explain is that what the Clerk has to
6	doand this is at paragraph 7 of your Affidavit, Mr Frettis
7	that: "Following the assurance and approval of a Purchase Order
8	by the Clerk, a voucher and payment documents requesting payment
9	to an applicant are sent to the Treasury".
10	Now, soand I think earlier you've explained that the
11	payments documents will include an approved application form.
12	Whose role is it to approve the application form?
13	A. Commissioner, I do not know who in the House of
14	Assembly approves that application form. I would assumeand I
15	do not want to speak out of turns hereyou will have to speak
16	with the Accounting Officer, but the Accounting Officer, which
17	is the Clerk of the House, is responsible for day-to-day
18	operation and the finances. So, I would say that that person
19	can bethey would have to say what is the mechanism they have
20	in place for approval. I do not want to say it's the Clerk.
21	She can designate that to someone else, so I cannot say at this
22	time. You have to clarify that with who is the authorised
23	person in the office.
24	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: But the Clerk to the House
25	is the Accounting Officer.

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1	THE WITNESS: That is correct.
2	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you.
3	BY MR RAWAT:
4	Q. And thebut what you can sayand correct me if I'm
5	wrong, Mr Frettis that it's not the job of the Ministry of
6	Finance to approve the application form.
7	A. Commissioner, no.
8	Q. And what comes to you is an approved form, a Purchase
9	Order and a voucher.
10	Now, what does the voucher do?
11	A. Commissioner, let us go back a step. Those documents
12	do not come to the Ministry of Finance. Those documents through
13	the payment process goes to the Treasury Department.
14	Q. That's a fair point, but with that in mindand you're
15	right, you say they're submitted to the Treasury Department.
16	But what is the voucher that is submitted?
17	A. Commissioner, the voucher is just another step in the
18	payment process. The voucher is one of the final steps before
19	the document is submitted. You have theI'm assuming here, but
20	I'm not complete, but they go through the application process,
21	the persons; it is approved; the Purchase Order is raised; and
22	once that Purchase Order is raised and the Purchase Order is
23	signed off, then the next step is to voucher that document, so
24	it's an accounting system that we use. And the voucher system,
25	once the voucher is printed, it's signed off, approved, then

1	that, with all the requisite documents, with accompanied
2	documents, is submitted to Treasury for payment, that include
3	the Purchase Orders and other documents.
4	I don't have a sample in front of me, so I can't say
5	what all documents are required by the Treasury Department for
6	payment to be executed.
7	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Is the voucher issued by
8	the Accounting Officer, Mr Frett?
9	THE WITNESS: That is correct, Commissioner.
10	BY MR RAWAT:
11	Q. And you've said that the Ministry doesn't approve the
12	Purchase Orders. What doeswhat's the role of the Treasury in
13	this process?
14	A. Commissioner, let me just go back one step further
15	with respect to the Ministry not approving the Purchase Orders.
16	What transpires is that the allocation of monies
17	sometimes are done on a quarterly basis, and there may be times
18	where a Member may overspend a particular quarterly basis and
19	the Purchase Order is a mechanism in the system. That Purchase
20	Order may go on hold if that particular line item is over the
21	quarterly amount.
22	And the Ministry of Finance would thenwe have to
23	release in some instances that Purchase Order in order for it to
24	be paid because theyon a normal basis, they are given a
25	certain amount of money per quarter to spend. And if they go

1 over that, then they will have to come to the Ministry of 2 Finance and say, The Purchase Order went on hold. This is the 3 reason why we are seeking for it to be released in order for 4 them to continue the process. 5 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Mr--6 Α. If there's a case of over-expenditure, if there's a 7 supplementary--if there is a supplementary, then it's also under 8 the process there as well. 9 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Mr Frett, is this 10 fair--and tell me if it's not right--that the Member of the 11 House approves the application, and then it goes through the 12 Clerk to the House as the Accounting Officer, and you don't know 13 precisely--understandably you don't know precisely what happens 14 there--but from the Accounting Officer comes a Purchase Order 15 and a voucher, and once those are issued by the Accounting 16 Officer to the Treasury--and you've explained that some may come 17 through you in the event of an overspend--but is the Treasury--18 THE WITNESS: Commissioner, just for clarification, 19 not to overspend, if they been temporarily may have gone over 20 the quarterly or the -- for that particular quarter, yeah. 21 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Sorry, quite. No, I 2.2 understand your evidence on that, but you may become involved at 23 that stage. 24 THE WITNESS: Yes. 25 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: But are the Treasury and

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1	the Ministry of Finance in those functions really just dealing
2	with the payment? So, if the voucher and the Purchase Order all
3	come through, the Treasury will pay it because that's
4	(Overlapping speakers.)
5	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM:you may become involved
6	if there is a quarterly overspend?
7	THE WITNESS: Yes.
8	The accounting of the Processing Officers in the
9	Treasury Department, they would go through the documents, and
10	once they are in order, payments are made.
11	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: No, quite. Thank you very
12	much.
13	BY MR RAWAT:
14	Q. So, their job is tois essentially just to process
15	the payment and issue the funds.
16	A. That is correct, Commissioner.
17	Q. If you look at paragraph 8 of your Affidavit,
18	Mr Frett, you say: "Once the Treasury has approved the
19	disbursement of funds, the Ministry no longer has any
20	involvement in the transfer of funds to the applicant".
21	So, who does transfer the funds to the applicant?
22	A. Commissioner, I do not know the process of the
23	collections of the checks from the Treasury Department. I do
24	not want to say whether or not the applicant goes directly to
25	the Treasury or in some cases the Clerk collects them, or

the individuals. I have seen where they have distributed them to individuals, collect them on their behalf, but I do not know what the process is at the House of Assembly with the checks beingonce the checks have been issued, who collect them and how they're distributed. That is a policy that the Clerk would have at her office with that particular process. COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: But you play no part in that. That's a matter be THE WITNESS: No. That is a function of Treasthat is a function of the Ministry of Finance. COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, thank you. BY MR RAWAT: Q. Now, as we understand it, I mean, the Treasury is headed by the Accountant General; is that right? A. That is correct, Commissioner. Q. So, ultimately, it's the Accountant General that issues the check.
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17 Q. So, ultimately, it's the Accountant General that
18 issues the check.
19 A. That is correct, Commissioner.
20 Q. We understand that the current Accountant General is
21 on leave and also the Acting Accountant General is unavailable
22 as well. In those circumstances where you have neither an
23 Accountant General or an Acting Accountant General, how does the
24 Government actually pay its bills?
A. Commissioner, I would not agree that we don't have an

1	Accountant General. Yes, while the Accountant General may not
2	be available, she still communicates with her staff, and there
3	are mechanisms in place at the Treasury Department where the
4	process continues. There are other persons who are signatories
5	and have other functions.
6	Q. So
7	A. So, the Accountant General does not have to physically
8	be there for this process to continue.
9	Q. There are other persons who have the right,
10	effectively, to sign checks.
11	A. Yes, that is correct.
12	Q. Essentially operate the policy of the Treasury as a
13	Department.
14	A. Yes.
15	Q. Thank you.
16	If you give me one moment, please, Mr Frett.
17	Now, as you confirmed to the Commissioner, in respect
18	of the Assistance Grants, it would be the Clerk of the House
19	that's the Accounting Officer; is that right?
20	A. It should be the Clerk, the Accounting Officer, that
21	deals with those processes. If I amI stand corrected if that
22	is not case. I'm talking from a financial perspective of how
23	the funding and the payment process goes. It lies with the
24	Accounting Officer who happens to be the Clerk. If there are
25	other procedures that are dealt with with the House of

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1	AssemblyI think they have a policy documentI don't have that
2	in front of mebut I think they do have a process on how
3	Assistance Grants is treated as respectwhen it comes to
4	application and how that is dealt with. They do have their own
5	internal processes. So I do not want to sit here and say that
6	the Accounting Officer is solely responsible. You would have to
7	have that discussion with the Clerk to seeunderstand what
8	their processes are and to see whether or not she is the one
9	that directs all the processes or other persons are involved.
10	It's their own policy that they internally have.
11	Q. What the Public Finance Management Act of 2004 does
12	mandate, though, is that an Accounting Officerand it could be
13	any Accounting Officeris personally responsible for funds that
14	are disbursed; is that right?
15	A. That is correct, Commissioner.
16	Q. Now, in this case, what you have is that on the
17	assumption that the Clerk is the Accounting Officer, how does
18	she fillfulfill that mandate when it's the Treasury that
19	approves the disbursement?
20	A. Commissioner, in the submission of the documents to
21	Treasury for payment, they will have to sign off on the document
22	to showto say that what is in front ofwhat they submitted to
23	the Treasury is accurate, and it meets all the requirements for
24	payment.
25	I would not say that, because Treasury does not have

1	the power to change the submission. They're more of a payment
2	processing with respect to those assistancethey just process
3	the payments. If they foundif they find anomaly or something
4	of concern, they will go back and start to send the submission
5	back to the respective Accounting Officer to make the necessary
6	adjustments. So, what is submitted must be consistent with the
7	policies, whether it be the legislation or their own internal
8	policy. And if there is something that is different, the
9	documents are sent back. They are scrutinized and they will
10	send back to see if they are consistent.
11	So, TreasuryI don't know if I agree with you
12	thathow that Accounting Officer can be held liable or
13	accountable when it's Treasury that makes the final payment.
14	Q. Well, can we dissect that a little more. I mean, it's
15	not me that says this. It's Section 21(2) of the Public Finance
16	Management Act, that the Accounting Officer is personally
17	responsible for funds that are disbursed.
18	Now, whatas I understand the process, the Accounting
19	Officer in this case, itI think that the evidence that the
20	Commissioner has received does confirm that it's the Clerks of
21	the House. So, the Clerks of the House will submit the
22	documents, submit the Purchase Order and the voucher, and, as I
23	understand your evidence, will certify, which is what an

24 Accounting Officer is required to do under the 2005 Regulations,

25 certify the accuracy of the disbursement--

1	A. Yes.
2	Qand that it's properly supported.
3	Now, that's the stage at whichso effectively, when
4	the Treasury Department takes hold of those documents, there
5	will bethe Accounting Officer will have certified that it's a
6	legitimate payment to make out.
7	A. Commissioner, that is correct, and that is the correct
8	assumption that those documents are in order for payment, yes.
9	Q. So, is the job really of the Treasury Department to
10	process the payment? Rather, they're notthe Treasury
11	Department is not required to look at it afresh from the start
12	as an application. They can rely on what's gone before and then
13	just process the payment, or are they required to find anomalies
14	and send them back?
15	A. Commissioner, the Accountant General and her team have
16	a vital role to play to ensure that any payments made out of the
17	Treasury DepartmentI think it's writtenI have to go back to
18	the Act, I don't have it in front of mebut I think it's that
19	in the Act that they have a duty to make sure that before
20	payments are made that they are accurate. So, if they see
21	something that is inconsistent, they are to go back to the
22	Accounting Officer and ask for the adjustment or clarification
23	be made with respect to the payment.
24	Q. And that'sis their focus, because it's about
25	payment, on ensuring, if you like, that the figures match up?

1	A. Commissioner, I do not believe it's just about the
2	figures. It's about whether or not the policy that may have
3	developed, whether it's through Cabinet, House of Assembly, or
4	even if it's an agreement that they may have for payment is
5	consistent with those things. Treasury have a responsibility to
6	make sure that those things happen.
7	Q. What you've explained is that the amount that's
8	usually allocated to House of Assembly Members comes in total to
9	\$1,725,000. That's at paragraph 9 of your Affidavit, and you've
10	set out in a table how that breaks down. Essentially, it's
11	this, isn't it, Mr Frett, that a District Representative will
12	have an allocation of \$125,000, whereas a Territorial
13	Representative will have an allocation of \$150,000?
14	A. That is correct, Commissioner.
15	Q. And as you've
16	A. That figure, Commissioner, may change from budget to
17	budget or government to government. They decide on a policy on
18	how much each representative may get basedor at-large
19	candidatewould receive. That is a policy decision, but it
20	shouldmore than likely, it would be through Cabinet.
21	So I don't wantCommissioner, I don't want you to
22	think that this is a fixed figures that is notthat is not
23	subject to change. This is based on the policy. In next year's
24	budget, based on our financial situation, that figure may be
25	\$50,000. It may be less, it may be more. So, this is based on

1	the budgetary amount, so it's not a fixed figure.
2	Q. And what you do say isI mean, firstly, you've said
3	that it's allocated on a quarterly basis.
4	A. Um-hmm.
5	Q. But then you sayand this is at your paragraph
6	13that following the 2019 Election: "The newly elected
7	government allocated US\$2,741,610" to the "Assistance Grants".
8	Was that just for the House of Assembly assistance
9	programme?
10	A. Commissioner, I will have to clarify the information,
11	but from looking at it at a glance, it would have been for the
12	House of Assembly programme because that is the naturethat's
13	on the basis on which this document was prepared, and it's my
14	supporting team providing me the information. But I can clarify
15	that, but it should have been, I believe it is pertaining to the
16	programme itself, the Assistance Grant Programme, administered
17	to the House of Assembly, but allow me to clarify that.
18	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you, Mr Frett.
19	Just whilst on that paragraph, and your mathematics
20	will be better than mine, but you say the Government allocated
21	about \$2.7 million for Assistance Grants
22	THE WITNESS: Right.
23	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM:which exceeded the
24	normal initial allotment of 1.7 million by just over 600,000 in
25	the two larger figures, is not 626,000.

1 THE WITNESS: I'm looking at that as well, 2 Commissioner, and that might have been a typo. I will have to 3 verify that, sir. 4 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Could you just verify the 5 figures in that because--6 THE WITNESS: Yes. 7 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: -- a number of them--one or more of those figures may be wrong, but if you could come back 8 9 to us, Mr Frett, with the accurate figures, that would be 10 helpful. 11 THE WITNESS: If you allow me, Commissioner, I will 12 check with the budget unit and verify this figure. 13 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, thank you very much. 14 MR RAWAT: Thank you. 15 BY MR RAWAT: 16 And it can be done simply by a letter to the Q. 17 Commission, Mr Frett. 18 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Or an e-mail. 19 MR RAWAT: Or an e-mail, yes. 20 THE WITNESS: Okay. 21 BY MR RAWAT: 2.2 We don't need anything more formal than that. Ο. 23 All right. I will seek to do that before the end of Α. 24 the day. And I do apologise for any misinformation that may 25 have been presented.

1	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you.
2	BY MR RAWAT:
3	Q. Could I just take you to paragraph 7, please, and what
4	you've explained there is that additional amounts to be
5	allocated in respect of Assistance Grants may be approved by
6	Cabinet during the year via supplementary appropriation, and
7	you've set that out in a table. I just wanted your assistance
8	just to understand how that process works by looking at the
9	detail of that table, please. It's at page 102 in your exhibits
10	to your Affidavit.
11	A. Commissioner, what page number again?
12	Q. 102 please, Mr Frett.
13	A. 102, okay.
14	Q. The exhibits themselves.
15	A. All right. Okay.
16	Okay. Commissioner, I'm seeing that.
17	Q. So, what we've looked at is the operation of the
18	Assistance Grants from a budgetary perspective between 2018 and
19	2021. That's what you've set out there. And if we take 2018,
20	just to understand how the supplementary appropriation process
21	works, there was a budget in terms of the programme in 2018 of
22	\$1,976,000, and the actual budget spend was \$1,977,000. And
23	what you've explained is that the first component of that, as I
24	understand, is the allocation of \$1,725,000, and then there is a
25	supplementary appropriation of \$260,000.

1	Now, if I could just ask you just to go to the next
2	page, 103, is what you've exhibited to your Affidavit, Mr Frett,
3	is, as you've said, copies of Cabinet Decisions, papers,
4	Resolutions from 2018 to date, approving the provision of
5	additional amounts for the Assistance Grants, and I just want to
6	understand how that approval works.
7	So, what we have is, at page 103, an expedited
8	extract, and this is Cabinet essentially authorising additional
9	expenditure under a Schedule of Additional Provision No. 1 of
10	2018.
11	So, is the process where there is, if you like,
12	additional monies to be added to the Assistance Grant Programme
13	that, first of all, it comes before Cabinet, Cabinet then makes
14	a decision, and then it goes to the House for a resolution?
15	A. Thatthat is correct, Commissioner. It goes to
16	Cabinet, and it goes to the House for approval.
17	Q. Now, if I draw your attention tojust to the first
18	Roman numeral, there is a reference to "recurrent expenditure to
19	be expended in variation of the appropriated amounts". When you
20	look through the papers, what you don't find is any reference to
21	260,000. And if you go through each page, 109, for examplelet
22	me know when you've got it, Mr Frett.
23	A. So, 1009. Go right ahead.
24	Q. 109, yeah. There's a rethat's the actual Resolution
25	of the House on the 28th of December 2016, and it refers there

1 to recurrent expenditure of \$18,646,000. 2 So, within the body of that Resolution, there is no 3 specific reference to Assistance Grants. If I ask you to turn over, what there is, it seems, is an annex or an appendix to the 4 5 Resolution. And we can see at the top--and this is page 110--at 6 the very top, you see, under "Constitutionally Established 7 Departments, House of Assembly, Supplementary Provision Sought, 260,000", and total approved is 260,000, and it's just written 8 9 as "the purpose is to cover the costs of additional assistance 10 grant expenses to year end for all Members of the House of 11 Assembly". 12 So, firstly, the question is: When additional--or 13 appropriations are being approved to the Assistance Grants, is 14 it just described as "recurrent expenditure"? 15 Α. Commissioner, it is in the lump sum that is all 16 recurrent expenditure. 17 Q. And what we see is, this is the Resolution of 2018. 18 It's Gazetted on the 28th of December 2018. But is it meant to 19 cover monies that have already been spent, or is it meant to add 20 to the grants so that more spending can be done? 21 Α. Yeah. Commissioner, in most instances, it may have 2.2 been money already spent. 23 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: I mean, if you look at the 24 schedule, the actual schedule, additional provision line which 25 refers to the £260,000, the purpose is to cover the cost of

1 additional assistance grant expenses to year end for all Members 2 of the House of Assembly. That looks to the previous year end. 3 THE WITNESS: Hmm. 4 BY MR RAWAT: So, does it--it's--effectively, it's Government paying 5 Ο. 6 its own debt, isn't it? It's money that has already been spent, 7 and it's just you've gone into debit, if you like, and you're 8 putting the money back? 9 Α. Hmm. Commissioner, I don't know if I summarise it 10 like that, but I do understand the analogy that you're trying to 11 But it has been a common practice, Commissioner, that use. 12 persons may request monies from time to time to the Government, 13 and it's true it's supplementary funding. They may gain access 14 to those monies to spend for whatever the purpose may be. And 15 in some instances it is done--this is done afterwards, 16 after--and then it goes to the House of Assembly. 17 So--18 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: This is approval of money 19 already spent? 20 THE WITNESS: That is correct. In some instances--not 21 all instances; in some instances--money is already spent. 2.2 BY MR RAWAT: 23 But if we--and this is an example of an instance where Q. 24 the House of Assembly has -- is approving money that it has 25 already spent?

1	
1	A. Um-hmm.
2	Q. Butand so, it'sin effect, under the Assistance
3	Grant Programme, there is the possibility for Members
4	toMembers may end up approving more, or more grants in excess
5	of the money originally budgeted. And in those instances,
6	that's when you might need a supplementary appropriation to deal
7	with that?
8	A. That is correct, Commissioner.
9	Q. In the table, the schedule of the table at 102, if I
10	take you back to that, please, Mr Frett.
11	A. Yes, Commissioner. I'm here.
12	Q. Before we leave 2018, you see, then, that there is the
13	schedule of Additional Provision No. 2 for 2018, and that's
14	42,500, but it's in brackets. Can you just assist us with what
15	that figure denotes when you put it in brackets?
16	A. Commissioner, can I get back to you and clarify that
17	brackets number, please?
18	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: What it seems to be,
19	Mr Frett, although you can qualify it in due course, is that
20	there was, in addition to the £1,725,000, there was a
21	supplementary of £260,000, which we've seen; \$42,000sorry,
22	\$42,500 was then backed out, it's a negativea negative
23	payment; and then \$5,000, \$1,800 and \$27,000 were reallocated
24	back
25	(Overlapping speakers.)

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1	THE WITNESS: I'm notCommissioner, I don't want to
2	say that is not the case, but I think that it is best for me to
3	sit down with my budget team and get some clarity on what the
4	negative figure means. I'm sure there is some clarity that can
5	be given with respect to that, so I don't want to sit here and
6	assume the assumption at this time.
7	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Perfectly fair, Mr Frett.
8	THE WITNESS: Yes.
9	BY MR RAWAT:
10	Q. And in providing that clarity, Mr Frett, could you
11	just also assist us with some detail about the operation of the
12	reallocation warrant, just who warrants, whose job it is to
13	warrant the reallocation?
14	If you goif we look at theand you're going come
15	back to the Commissioner on the schedule of Additional Provision
16	No. 2 of 2018. But if I can just take you to some of the
17	documents that you've exhibited in relation to that, if you go
18	to page 131, please. Let me know when you have it, Mr Frett.
19	A. I'm still scrolling, Commissioner. Just one second,
20	please.
21	Q. Of course.
22	A. Okay. I'm there, Commissioner.
23	Q. Thank you.
24	At 131and please correct me if I've misunderstood
25	it, but it's a Ministry of Finance memorandum to Cabinet

1	governing the Schedule of Additional Provision No. 2, and that's
2	the start of the process, in effect. So we see, if we go
3	through to 135, that it is signed and datedwell, it is dated
4	and carries the name of The Honourable Andrew Fahie, Minister of
5	Finance. It's dated the 27th of September 2019.
6	I just wanted to just firstly to ask: You're dealing
7	with a Schedule No. 2 of 2018, but when it comes before Cabinet,
8	it is coming in September 2019. So again, this is recurrent
9	expenditure that appears to be used to deal with
10	expendituremonies that have already been expended, isn't it?
11	A. Commissioner, in this instance, it would have been for
12	monies already expended in 2000when it would have been? In
13	2018? That would have been for money already expended in 2018.
14	Q. The next question, though: Is it normal for itcan
15	you explain why it happened so late? Your memorandumI mean,
16	is dated the 9th of May 2019. It's signed off by the Minister
17	of Finance in November 2019. Is there any reason why it takes
18	so long, as part of the process, to resolve the issue?
19	A. Commissioner, you will appreciate that I took the
20	position as Financial Secretary in JanuaryJanuary 2021, so I
21	do not want to say in advance and draw my conclusion as to why
22	it could beI may have my own view, but it may not be the view
23	of the Financial Secretary at that time. He may have a
24	different perception on why it took so late.
25	But I would say there isthere could be a number of

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1	reasons as to whywhy it could have been late in this
2	particular instance. I don't want to speculate.
3	Q. That's understandable, Mr Frett.
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. But you've obviouslyas you explained, you've
6	occupied senior positions in the Ministry of Finance for almost
7	20 years now.
8	A. Right.
9	Q. In your experienceand I'm notI'm not asking about
10	the specific reasons why this memo, perhaps, or this
11	appropriation was being processed late in the day. But in your
12	experience, is that the convention or the practice, that it will
13	be some months later that the Schedule of Additional Provision
14	will start making its way through by being introduced to
15	Cabinet?
16	A. Commissioner, that is a fair assumption. I wouldn't
17	say it's months later, but in some instances there is a lag from
18	when monies are approved by Cabinet to when it reaches the House
19	of Assembly.
20	Q. I tried toif you'll go, please, to 136.
21	A. All right. I'm here.
22	Q. What you've got at 136 is, again, the Resolution that
23	has to go before the House. It is not the Gazetted Resolution
24	but it is
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. Again, the recurrent expenditure will capture any
2	additional monies that are being put into the Assistance Grants
3	Programmes operated by the House of Assembly. And if you'll go
4	to 137, which is the next page, please.
5	A. Okay.
6	Q. What'sit's difficult to understand. This is the
7	schedule that appears to be appended to the Resolution.
8	A. Um-hmm.
9	Q. It's difficult toI wanted your help, if you can,
10	just to clarify exactly what sums were being put into the House
11	of Assembly programme. And you will rememberwhile I'm asking
12	questions about the Assistance Grants, but under the House of
13	Assembly there are two items: One is transportation and one is
14	medical expenses. And reading across, in terms of
15	transportation, the revised budget of 2018 allowed \$9,553. A
16	supplementary provision sought was \$10,000, and the
17	justification or the purpose for that is given as "additional
18	funding approved for the Leader of Opposition, Honourable Andrew
19	Fahie, to settle outstanding commitments".
20	And then the medical expenses component, which is
21	\$66,000, relates to assistance to The Honourable Ralph O'Neal to
22	settle outstanding National Health Insurance invoices, so that's
23	a total of 76,000.
24	That seems to be the only details that relate to the
25	House of Assembly, but those details don't fall withinwithin

1 the Assistance Grants Programmes, do they? 2 Commissioner, I do not know the details of these--I'm Α. 3 reading as you go along--of these applications here because I 4 was not in the seat at the time. I would have to do research and find out what the details were for these requests. 5 6 Assistance Grants can be given to representatives of 7 persons to cover whatever purpose they choose to. You have to 8 look at their policy and see how broad their policy would allow 9 for matters of this nature. 10 Q. But separate--11 So, for me, Commissioner, to say it's outside our Α. 12 system grant policy, it would be unfair to say that at this 13 time. This is something that you will have to look at the 14 policy at the time and say whether or not this request falls 15 within that policy. 16 Could we leave it like this, Mr Frett: Insofar as you Ο. 17 can, if you're able to assist with, I think, two questions: 18 Firstly, the purpose of the entries on the schedule at page 137; 19 but secondly, just to confirm that they weren't part of an 20 additional appropriation going to the Assistance Grants scheme? 21 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: And--2.2 THE WITNESS: Commissioner, from looking at this for 23 the House of Assembly, and from looking at the areas from my 24 knowledge, it would have been part of the assistance programme 25 from looking at the closer review, but I would need to look in

1 more detail as--to see where payments were made from and other 2 details pertaining to this particular-particular line item. 3 But within that Assistance Grant, they may have a 4 number of things. They may use that Assistance Grant to assist persons in medical education; they may assist somebody with 5 6 transportation. I do not to want say what this transportation 7 was for, but I do know is that there was some people, some representation for transport of students back and to and 8 9 fro--from the college. It could be from Virgin Gorda to 10 Tortola; I do not know, so I don't want to--and that can very 11 well fall within the Assistance Grant Programme. 12 But in absence of that information, I do not want to 13 say where The Honourable Fahie got money for transportation. 14 And Mr O'Neal, for medical, maybe he had a medical bill and 15 decided to give them assistance with respect to that. So, I 16 have to look more clearly at the details with respect to those 17 matters. 18 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you, Mr Frett, 19 again, for looking at that, but--and this doesn't necessarily 20 answer the question, but it may help in your answering the 21 question in due course. 2.2 On page 110, there is the head of expenditure number 23 for assisted grants. Page 110, the top line of that table. The 24 head of expenditure number is 10114051, and that is the head of 25 expenditure because the total in the approved estimate is

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1	1,725,000, and we know that that's the Assistance Grants
2	expenditure. And that is the same number as
3	THE WITNESS: All right. Thank you very much,
4	Commissioner, for that.
5	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: That's on page 137.
6	So, simply on that, it looks as though it falls within
7	the Assistance Grants, but do check that, Mr Frett.
8	THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you, sir.
9	BY MR RAWAT:
10	Q. Thank you, Mr Frett.
11	If we deal with the remaining supplementary schedule
12	of additional payments or provision, rather, which is of 2009.
13	So, in 2009, there was, I think, an additional allocation of
14	390,000. If you go to page 143 in your Affidavit exhibits
15	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: 2019?
16	MR RAWAT: 2019, yes. I'm going back in time when I
17	should be going forward.
18	BY MR RAWAT:
19	Q. Page 143, please.
20	A. Just one minute, Commissioner.
21	Okay. I'm there, Commissioner.
22	Q. Now, again, this is the expedited extract of the
23	Schedule of Additional Provision No. 1 of 2019. It's dated the
24	24th of June 2021, and it refers again to recurrent expenditure.
25	If you look through to 151or 145, actually.

1	
1	A. Yes, Commissioner.
2	Q. You will see at the top of the pageand this is the
3	memorandum, and it's attributed to you, this memorandum, Mr
4	Frett. It's the 29th of January 2020, so it's a memorandum to
5	the Cabinet from the Ministry of Finance, and youand the
6	memorandum refers there to additional Assistance Grants
7	\$390,000.
8	Now, again, given that we're speaking of a 2019
9	payment, but your memorandum is January 2020, again are we
10	speaking of dealing with monies that have already been spent?
11	A. Yes, Commissioner.
12	Q. If you look at 151, please. Do you have it, Mr Frett?
13	A. Yes, Commissioner.
14	Q. Thank you.
15	That's the breakdown, if you like, the schedule that
16	actually accompanies the Resolution of the House of Assembly,
17	which is, again, the 7th of October 2020. And we see, as the
18	Commissioner has pointed out, the head there is 10114051. And
19	what then is included in that is a component, at least, of
20	additional assistance, for example, to civic and social
21	organisations, education organisation, et cetera.
22	Do you see that?
23	A. Yes, Commissioner.
24	Q. That would include, would it not, the \$390,000?
25	A. Commissioner, it should have been included in this

1	figure. The total sum approved by supplementary, I think, is
2	about 852, I think I'm looking atif it's for the same period.
3	Q. What it seems to have down is broken down at least
4	some of the detail of the assistance
5	A. Yes, Commissioner. I should have explained earlier,
6	Commissioner, that even though you do have an account that you
7	identified earlier, they are broken down into further
8	subledgers
9	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes.
10	THE WITNESS:so that we could not identify which
11	areas and categories, so it's part of the chart of accounts, the
12	part of our reporting mechanism that is breaking down even
13	further. So you may have the main account number and then all
14	the subledger numbers.
15	BY MR RAWAT:
16	Q. So, the main account may be, if you like, an account
17	for the House of Assembly?
18	A. Assistance Grants, and then you had the other
19	subledgers.
20	Q. Assistance Grants may fall under a subledger; is that
21	right?
22	A. You may have, like, for education, organisations, all
23	these other different categories that you're seeing there.
24	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes. I mean, because of
25	the 2018 budget, under the main ledger number, \$1.725 million,

1	we know that we are in Assistance Grant territory. But what
2	you're saying, Mr Frett, is that under that ledger there are
3	subledgers, for example, reporting organisations and
4	THE WITNESS: There may be other subledgers to link
5	that, yes. I will have to verify with my team on the chart of
6	accounts and how that ishow the information is captured.
7	MR RAWAT: Give me one moment, please.
8	(Pause.)
9	BY MR RAWAT:
10	Q. Again, you don't have to scroll back up to 102, but in
11	2020, there were two schedules of additional provision. The
12	first was for \$53,000. And if I deal with that, first of all,
13	if you go to page 159, that's Schedule of Additional Provision
14	No. 1 of 2020.
15	A. Yes.
16	Q. Which is dated the 15th, so 159 is the expedited
17	extract recording Cabinet's decision. And within that schedule,
18	\$53,000 goes into the Assistance Grants Programme.
19	The question I hadand it may not be one that you can
20	immediately answer, Mr Frettwas just clarification as to where
21	on the memorandum that follows, which is at page 160, the 53,000
22	appears?
23	A. Commissioner, I will not be able to answer that
24	question immediately. I will have to go through the documents,
25	sit down with my team that worked on it during that period, and

1	see where that particular funding would have been placed. I'm
2	sure it would have been captured under one of the categories
3	here because thisthisthis Cabinet background information is
4	not every single detail of every supplementary would make itself
5	or describe itself in the background or the decision made. It
6	will probably be as a part of the attachment.
7	See, it would be impossible to list every particular
8	item and the rationale of the breakdown or the reason for that
9	particular supplementary in any Cabinet paper. So, they may
10	pick out the larger sums and may generalize others, but it is
11	not possible to capture every single detail in any given Cabinet
12	paper for supplementary. There should have been a broad
13	category. And I'm scrolling, but I would have to sit down with
14	the team and go through that.
15	Q. It's ait's a short answer that you can give,
16	Mr Frett. It might be that, as a sum, as you say, just comes
17	under a bigger head of
18	A. Yes.
19	Qand it's incorporated into that.
20	I mean, I'm trying to just help you. Obviously, this
21	schedule went through Cabinet before theit then went before
22	the House, which did make a Resolution. If we go to 179if you
23	start at 175
24	A. Yes.
25	Qyou see that's the Resolution?

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1	A. Um-hmm.
2	Q. And you have the more detailed breakdown schedule, if
3	you like, that follows after that. If you go in that schedule
4	towe can go to 177, please.
5	A. Okay. I'm there, Commissioner.
6	Q. There isat the bottom of that schedule, you will see
7	that there are, then, sums listed there in relation to sporting
8	organisations, religious organisations, civic, social, so that
9	may be where one finds the breakdown.
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. There is one item, if you look, can you seeits
12	Reference No. is 562150, and it refers to Home Care, House of
13	Assembly. Do you know by any chance what "home care" stands
14	for?
15	A. Commissioner, you would have to check with the House
16	of Assembly, and they would be able to clarify what "home care"
17	in this instance means, if it's for the House of Assembly. I do
18	not want to speculate, but if you look at the general term, it
19	would mean"home care" means some income assistance given in
20	the maintenance of one home, whether it be a particular
21	individual. I'm not sure if it's a House of Assembly Member
22	that the home care was being offered to, so I don't want to
23	speculate too specific. But I'm sure that if we go back to our
24	files and look at the request that was made, it would be more
25	detailed in that particular instance and what the home care

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1	request was for. It should haveit should have specified
2	individual, the amount, and so forth.
3	Q. There may be a question whetherthe Clerk of the
4	House of Assembly will be giving evidence to the Commissioner
5	this week, so it may be something that she can help us with, but
6	thank you very much on that, Mr Frett.
7	Just dealing with the last Schedule of Additional
8	Provision No. 2 of 2020, which covers 5.2 million, obviously the
9	additional or the large change in the size of the sum is linked
10	to, as you've set out at page 102, that in that year, 2020,
11	there was additional coronavirus-related expenditure. And just
12	to follow it through, if we go to page 338, please.
13	A. I'm there, Commissioner.
14	Q. Again, it's a schedulea memorandum to Cabinet from
15	the Ministry of Finance. You don't author this memorandum, but
16	if you look at the bottom of page 338, we don't in this document
17	appear to have a sort of sum of 5.2 million or, indeed, even
18	3.9 million, which is a specific sum on the table at 102.
19	A. Yes.
20	Q. What we do have is 1,300,000 for head 10114051, "House
21	of Assembly to cover additional Assistance Grants".
22	And would I understand this correctly, that that
23	additional sum is related to non-coronavirus expenditure?
24	A. Commissioner, I would notI would not say that. And
25	you will have to check with the House of Assembly because I

1	believe that's the \$100 million for the\$1,300,000 to the House
2	of Assembly to cover the Assistance Grants Programme.
3	At that time, I know that there wasa number of House
4	Members was inundated with requests from their constituents or
5	persons residing in their territory, and there was a great need
6	to provide for that assistance to help this person who may have
7	suffered some form of hardship as a result of COVID. There was
8	still a number of persons unemployed.
9	But I do not want to say that is the sole purpose for
10	which this additional sum of money was given, so you would have
11	to, through Cabinet or through House of Assembly, to get a
12	better understanding on the additional money that was provided,
13	specifically what it was for, whatI'm just speaking generally
14	on the statement that I made earlier from my own knowledge as a
15	senior officer of theof the House of Assembly challenges and
16	the number of requests being made to them for assistance from
17	their constituents or their residents.
18	Q. So, could it cover, as a sum, a mix, therefore, of
19	COVID-19-related requests for assistance as well as non-COVID-19
20	requests?
21	A. Commissioner, that may very well be the case, but I
22	cannot confirm that.
23	Q. I'm sorry. I cut across you, so I will let you
24	finish.
25	A. No. I say, Commissioner, that can be the case but I

1 cannot confirm that.

Q. And is it a possibility as well that, as a sum of money, it may be to deal with monies that have already been spent--so to replenish the bank, if you like--as well as giving Members some funds that they might need to meet the additional requests for assistance that were being received?

7 Commissioner, I--this--when this paper was done--this Α. paper was done in December, and I do not recall being the Deputy 8 9 at the time of--you made a statement that it would have been to 10 cover money already spent. It may have been commitment but I 11 would not say it was spent because this was very late in the 12 year when this was done, and I can't remember exactly when the 13 exact time this request was made, but I'm sure this can be 14 clarified on when the request was made for that additional 15 money, and at what time of the year, and whether or not 16 expenditure had already incurred against this category.

Obviously, looking at the time, I do not--it could not have been spent because Treasury would not have spent any money with respect to this. This is a Cabinet decision. This is not a Resolution going to the House, so Treasury would not have processed any payments for Assistance Grants unless the monies was there to cover the expenditure. So, I would not say to cover money already spent in this regard.

Q. But I think when we looked at, earlier, Schedule ofAdditional Provisions, which, for example, ones that related to

1 2018 but were being processed in 2019, I understood your
2 evidence to be that that was--would have, if you like, have been
3 to sort of replenish the assistance--

But, for clarity, Commissioner, what--just in 4 Α. Yes. case there is any misunderstanding, the process of the 5 6 transaction to the House of Assembly--right?--because when 7 Cabinet approves it--right?--it may have been that once Cabinet 8 approved it, monies may have been expended against the vote. 9 But when you go to the House to approve it, then there is a 10 different--there's a situation where it goes to the House and 11 the money may have--some of the money may have been spent 12 already. So, it would not have been spent on the Cabinet having 13 approved it in the first instance because Treasury cannot 14 approve any payments unless there's some sort of funding 15 approval by the Ministry of Finance. And the Ministry of 16 Finance more than likely would not have approved--given 17 permission to Treasury to raise purchase order or check on this 18 where there has been no source of funding and a Cabinet approval 19 given.

Q. In this case, just so the Transcript complete the detail, we have the Resolution that deals with--what appears to deal with the Schedule of Additional Provision--or we have two Resolutions. We have one at 175, which is August 2020, and then we have one at 356, which is April 2020 on the paper that we were looking at. The second will--sorry, give me a moment.

The first deals with the 53,000 that we were looking at, which is Schedule of Additional Provision No. 1 of 2020 because that was put before Cabinet in July 2020, and so the Resolution is 2020. So the second that we're looking at where we have been looking at, the 1.3 million, that's December 2020, and then it appears to be dealt with by Resolution of the House in 2021.

8 But stepping back from it and so that we do have 9 clarity about the process, Mr Frett, have I understood your 10 evidence correctly, there is a sum of money allocated to Members 11 of the House of Assembly for Assistance Grants which is given to 12 them on a quarterly basis?

13 Commissioner, just for clarity, yes, it is given. Α. 14 They have allotment for the year, and for cash-flow purposes and 15 management of our resources. It's not just for Assistance 16 Grants only. It is true all across the board that we try to 17 allocate the funding on a quarterly basis. I think the system 18 has a mechanism built into it to help us to monitor our cash 19 flow, so it's not just for Assistance Grants.

But, however, we can make adjustment at our request to a person who may ask for monies in advance because of the nature of the payment. A payment may be required in January that will eat up the full amount of the budgetary year. So, then, if they try to process that payment, it will go on hold so we will have to release that. So, I do not want the Members of the

1	Commission here to think it is just for Assistance Grants, this
2	built-in mechanism.
3	Q. But using Assistance Grants as an example, if a Member
4	has spent their quarterly sum and then another Purchase Order
5	comes in, the Treasury Departmentif there is no money in the
6	account, the Treasury Department puts the purchase on hold?
7	A. No. The budgetit's through the Ministry of Finance
8	that process is put on hold.
9	Q. Right.
10	So, your Ministry puts it on hold until the next
11	quarter?
12	A. Until actually the system will automatically put it on
13	hold, and until next quarter, all we can override it through our
14	request, and normally the Financial Secretary or another senior
15	officer will have to override that to allow access to the
16	funding for the next quarter.
17	Q. And sobut going back to the need for a Schedule of
18	Additional Provision, that need may arise because there may be,
19	effectively, Purchase Orders on hold or you may have had to, as
20	Financial Secretary, authorize additional expenditure so
21	thatabove and beyond what was originally allocated?
22	A. Yes. That is correct, Commissioner. The
23	representative may be inundated with requests, and they may want
24	to see how they can fulfill the requests.
25	Q. So, they may gothey may have to goin trying to

1	fulfill the requests made of them, they may go over their
2	budget. And the purpose ofas you explained, Ministry of
3	Finance can put it on hold or authorize additional payment. The
4	purpose of the schedule of additional provision is to, in
5	effect, redress the balance and fill in the shortfall that may
6	be created?
7	A. That is correct, Commissioner.
8	Q. Thank you.
9	A. However, it will eat up from the next quarterly
10	allotment. So, if you have 50,000 per quarter and 625,000, that
11	means you have a reduced amount for the following quarter.
12	Q. But at someas we've seen, it may be some months
13	afterwards that it all gets caught up.
14	A. Yes.
15	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: The supplementary
16	provision.
17	MR RAWAT: The supplementary provision.
18	BY MR RAWAT:
19	Q. So, it's still possible for a Member to, based on
20	their assessment of applications made to them, to go over the
21	125,000 that they are allocated?
22	A. They may have requests in excess of the 125, but
23	unless approval is given through the supplementary, Cabinet
24	approves the supplementary, then they do not havethey cannot
25	process anything. They will have the request on paper and it

1	may be in	the system. They may have a Purchase Order pending,
2	and they	may have applications on their desk, but they will not
3	be able t	o process it unless a decision is made to give
4	additiona	l funding.
5	Q.	I see. I will pause there.
6		MR RAWAT: Commissioner, we have been going over an
7	hour and	20 minutes. I wonder if a short five-minute break for
8	the Steno	grapher
9		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: For the Stenographer.
10		Mr Frett we will have a short five-minute break to
11	give the	Stenographer a chance to recover, and we'll come back
12	in five m	inutes and finish your evidence. Thank you very much.
13		THE WITNESS: Thank you very much. I assume I stay
14	online?	
15		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, please, Mr Frett.
16	Yes.	
17		THE WITNESS: Okay.
18		(Recess.)
19		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: I think we're ready to
20	restart.	Thank you.
21		BY MR RAWAT:
22	Q.	Mr Frett, can you see and hear me?
23	Α.	Yes, Commissioner, quite clear, yes.
24	Q.	Thank you.
25		Could I move on to some other topics, please.

1 The Commissioner heard evidence from the Internal 2 Auditor recently. One of the matters that she explained to the 3 Commissioner was that her Department, in terms of its reporting, 4 reported to the Internal Advisory Committee and that that 5 Committee hasn't been in place since the 31st of December 2016. 6 The position has changed somewhat.

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A. Yes.

I think on the 21st of June 2021, three new people 8 Q. 9 were appointed to the Committee, and, so it can now reconvene. 10 If I explain, and you'll be aware of this, it's a five-person 11 committee with the other two people being either the Financial 12 Secretary or a Deputy, and the Internal Auditor. The evidence 13 that the Internal Auditor gave was that she had raised the need 14 for the Committee with the Financial Secretary, and that would 15 be you, in February 2021. Now, I appreciate that you have not been Financial Secretary for that long, but can you help the 16 17 Commissioner at all with why it took so long to reconvene? 18 Α. Okay. Commissioner--okay. You hear me, Commissioner? 19 I just paused, they had a blank. 20 Yes, we can hear you and see you. Ο. 21 Α. Okay. All right. Yes.

Yes, Commissioner, there may have been a number of reasons why it took so long for the Committee to convene. We did look at a number of candidates, and finally we did settle on the candidates that we have now, to move forward with. There is

1	not much more I can say with respect to that. Perhaps it should
2	have been given more priority than it should havethan it
3	gotten, but nevertheless we are here now, and we're about to
4	convene our first meeting shortly with respect to the Committee.
5	Q. But from your perspective, was it something that only,
6	if you like, landed on your desk once you had become Financial
7	Secretary?
8	A. No, no Commissioner. I had some knowledge of it as
9	Deputy.
10	Q. And from that perspective, what we have is over a
11	four-year gap that it took to
12	A. Yes.
13	Qre-establish the Committee, and that spans more than
14	one administration.
15	A. Yes. Like I said, Commissioner, I have no excuse
16	foras Financial Secretary in not having all the lawful bodies
17	in place, especially when they come to good governance and value
18	for money.
19	And as Financial Secretary, I will seek to ensure that
20	all the mechanisms are in place to achieve those things. So I
21	don't have no excuse as to the role that I played as to why it
22	did not happen sooner. We are where we are now, and we press
23	forward.
24	Q. It wasn't intended, the question, as a criticism of
25	you, Mr Frett. It was more to an understanding of whywhat

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1	factors may have meant
2	A. Yeah.
3	Qthat it took so long to create a committee that is
4	required by statute.
5	A. Hmm.
6	Q. But I think you've helped as much as you can; is that
7	right?
8	A. Perhaps I could have done more, be that I'd been more
9	assertive with respect to that as a role as a Deputy, but as I
10	said, that is in the past now. We are moving forward. We have
11	the Committee in place, andand we have learned from that, and
12	we move forward.
13	Q. I just want to change now to look at the question of
14	the Auditor General, one of the points that the Auditor General
15	orraised when she was giving her evidence.
16	When one looks at her Annual Statementsand there
17	haven't been any since 2016, I think, but what has happened with
18	the Attorney General is that sincethe Auditor General, forgive
19	meis that, since 2013, there have been significant delays in
20	her receiving Financial Statements, and she's explained that the
21	gapsand thisone can get this from her Reportsthat the gaps
22	have varied between five and two years. So, for example,
23	receiving accounts in relation to 2012, the year ending 2012,
24	the Auditor General didn't receive those until 2017.
25	A. Yes.

1 Q. That was perhaps the worst gap because she was able to 2 then submit her Reports in January 2018, and the gap has been 3 reduced since then. So, for example, the most recent accounts that the Auditor General has received relate to 2016. 4 She received those in 2018 and then revised versions in 2019. 5 6 What the Auditor General's position is that she has 7 not been able--seen the Government's Financial Statements for any year after 2016. Can you explain why that is, Mr Frett? 8 9 Α. Commissioner, I do not believe your statement is quite 10 The 2017 accounts, they were submitted to the Auditor accurate. 11 There were some queries with respect to the 2017 General. 12 accounts. The, the person, the consultant at the time is back 13 with us, and he was rehired to tidy up the 2017 accounts. So, 14 within the next six months, we expect the 2017 and '18 accounts 15 to be completed. So, the Auditor General did have at her 16 possession the 2017 accounts and before--in the next six months 17 if not before, she should have the 2018 and shortly thereafter the others. 18 19 Commissioner, I would say that as a senior government

official and understanding the Constitution and PFM Act and all the different good governance requirements, that we should submit accounts in a timely manner that is outlined in the statutes and the Constitution, so I'm not going to be finding excuses here.

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We are making the necessary steps to make sure this

1 That is one of the priorities that I had once becoming happens. 2 the Financial Secretary. It was top on the list: Get the 3 financial--the Audited Financial Statements up to date. 4 We had some challenges with the system and other 5 reasons, but these matters are well advanced in being rectified, 6 and it's something that I am passionate about to make sure that 7 it happens. The Minister of Finance, the Premier, whenever we have 8 9 a meeting, he's--he got very upset with us several times in 10 saying that we are in breach of the Constitution, and it's him 11 as the Minister of Finance is going to be held accountable, so 12 he is constantly pushing us here, the Minister of Finance. He 13 said, Whatever resources you need, I will provide them. So, in 14 that regards, we have hired some consultants. We're going to 15 beef up the staff of the Treasury to make sure that these 16 accounts get done. 17 And it's not just about the accounts, Commissioner. 18 It's also about transferring that knowledge. This time around, 19 the Consultant has been cleared. He must transfer--not just 20 come to do the accounts, but transfer that knowledge to the 21 staff. 2.2 We also, as well advanced as well, we already reach 23 out to CARTAC, and they're going to offer some additional 24 training on the new system, the IPSAS system that we adopted, 25 the accounting system that we decided to switch to starting in

1 2018. So, between the computerization, the new computerizations 2 upgrade of the JDE system, as well as adapting a new accounting 3 reporting standard system, the IPSAS, it posed some challenge, 4 but we are moving forward, we are getting over those hurdles and 5 challenges that were incurred.

6 And, Commissioner, we are making it a priority because 7 FCDO and the Premier, and also it's the right thing to do. Thev are concerned, and we are working tirelessly, and I can assure 8 9 you, once under the Financial Secretary, it will remain a 10 priority to get those accounts done. There is nothing more I 11 can say with respect to that. We are putting the resources 12 there to get it done. What's in the past we cannot correct, but 13 moving forward we can make a difference by doing what is 14 necessary.

15 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: I understand that, your 16 answer, Mr Frett, with regard to the current position or the 17 future position. But is this right, and correct me if it's not 18 right, but this was the picture painted, I think, by the Auditor 19 The 2012 accounts hadn't been done by 2017; and in the General: period 2017, I think, to the beginning of 2019, delivery of the 20 21 accounts and finalisation of the reports as required, as you 2.2 say, under the Constitution and the statutes, were done and they 23 had to be done because of loans that were required following the 24 2017 hurricanes. But since then--and as I say, those had to be 25 done to obtain the loans--but since then, there have been

1	delivery of no accounts, save for the ones that you've referred
2	to today.
3	So, the past performance has been not just very poor,
4	but accounts have only been delivered when there'swhenit's
5	been a last resort to deliver them. That seems to be the
6	picture that's painted.
7	THE WITNESS: Commissioner, no doubt that's the
8	picture that is painted, but I don't know if that's quite an
9	accurate picture. The previous Financial Secretary will be
10	before you this afternoon, and the previous one can attest to
11	why they were not presented. They're best to speak to that.
12	But I would say that Mrin fact, that is one of the
13	prioritiespriority that Mr Forbes, once he came back into
14	office, I think it was in 2017, he was given a mandate, I think,
15	to get these things done, and he and his team and the person
16	that were hired, worked tirelessly to try their best to get
17	these accounts up to date. Like I said, there was a pause in
18	the delivery of future accounts since 2017 because of the
19	introduction of the new accounting software system upgrade, as
20	well asof instruction of a new accounting reporting standards
21	that we adopted.
22	So, those caused a pause for no other but going inin
23	the previous years, I think the former FS would best speak as to
24	why it was not done.
25	(Overlapping speakers.)

THE WITNESS: We are building capacity. One of the issues is capacity, having resources available, and we are working towards making sure that the resources are available in the future, that we do not incur such another situation.

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COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, thank you, Mr Frett. THE WITNESS: Yeah.

BY MR RAWAT:

Let's move on, then, Mr Frett. One of the reports 8 Q. 9 that the Internal Auditor produced and which was canvassed with 10 her when she gave her evidence before the Commissioner, was a 11 report that she produced on Petty Contract administration, and it covered 2007 to 2010. The report itself is dated April 2012. 12 13 It's not--what I wanted to ask you, and it's about the present 14 position, but one of the issues that the Internal Auditor raised 15 was the issue of contract/project-splitting, and what her Report 16 said was that any contract entered into for an amount not 17 exceeding \$100,000 is deemed a Petty Contract; any project being 18 undertaken by Government that exceeds the Petty Contract limit 19 is deemed to be a Major Project and must be put out for tender. 20 However, we have noticed a well-established practice of projects 21 being into multiple parts, valued at less than the major 2.2 contract requirement, and that she then says that it presents 23 risks because it allows Ministries to circumvent the tendering 24 process completely. Now--and this is back in 2012. 25

One of the recommendations that was made, and it was a

report addressed to the Ministry of Finance, was that Government seek a legal opinion as to the legality of splitting projects into smaller components and awarding Petty Contracts without first seeking and receiving Cabinet's approval. And the response from the Ministry of Finance was: This is already established.

Now, against that background, if I take you to the present position, what is the Ministry of Finance's policy over the use of Petty Contracts and any practice whereby a Major Contract, that is a contract over \$100,000, is broken up into Petty Contracts? What does the--what's the Ministry of Finance's approach to that?

A. Commissioner, I am aware of the concern raised by the Internal Auditor has also raised by the Treasury Department and others about contract-splitting. I recall having this candid discussion with other Ministers of Government and determining what is deemed contract-splitting.

18 I will put it to you, Commissioner that, here in the 19 Virgin Islands, in a private setting, you may be building your 20 home, you may have a contract with a main contractor. They may 21 not have a plumber on their team. They may have--they may not 2.2 have an electrician, so each one of those persons may be 23 independent from the contract but they are working together in 24 unison to get the project completed; right?

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Now, with respect to the discussion we've had over the

1	yearsit's not just since I became the Financial Secretaryis
2	what is deemed contract-splitting if there is no clear guidance
3	on that we receive as well? I would agree that
4	contract-splitting, in its rough form, is that, when an
5	individual gets two or three contracts, three \$99- or \$80,000
6	contract, for the same job, for the specific works to be
7	completed, that, in my view, is contract-splitting, and as
8	Financial Secretary, I will take a hard line against such
9	procedures.
10	Ifso, example, if there's a road to be built in a
11	particular district, there's only one asphalt plant here in the
12	Virgin Islands. It may require some other aspect of that road
13	building that to build drains for that particular project. It
14	isis it wrong for hire someone else for that particular
15	project to do the drainage work and bring in someone to do the
16	asphalt, the laying of asphalt on the surface separately? How
17	some persons take it to be, give that togive that entire
18	contract to one person, say the person who's laying the asphalt,
19	the one that has the most significantbut that person may not
20	have no expertise in the other field that they may be working
21	in.
22	But the issue of contract-splitting had to be further
23	discussed. There's no clear position on that. There's a number
24	of projects that have success stories that, where that system

has been used, the breaking up of major projects into pieces,

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the procurement legislation that was just recently passed, the amendment to the PFM Regulation, Public Finance Management Regulations, in 2010--'20, it was recently passed that in the event of a catastrophic event, a pandemic that, through Cabinet, they can approve how a particular project is to be administered, and that may very well be deemed contract-splitting in the rough form as the Auditor General may have it.

I know one particular project, the Eastern "launch 8 9 this project" (phonetic). Instead they had the policy. Once 10 the policy has been made, because even outside of the amendment, 11 there's a section in the PFM Regulation that allows Cabinet to 12 make a decision on how that procurement process, any procurement 13 process, is to be administered, that is a policy decision. And 14 for that particular project I just made reference to, it appears 15 the decision being made under the new legislation is to have 16 multiple persons participating in that project.

The--I think that, in all fairness with respect to 17 18 value for money, when the decision is made to split a project 19 into different segments, I think that it should be done with a 20 clear analysis to see if it really brings value for money in 21 those instances, not just for the project but to the economy as 2.2 well, so I think there needs to be more analysis with respect to 23 that (drop in audio), just saying just break it up into two 24 different pieces.

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I think that's in a nutshell of what I think with

1	respect to that. Like I said that project, I have a very good
2	Project Team, and I will be having more discussions, something
3	that is ongoing, within the Ministry of Finance.
4	But it is forI don't want, Commissioner, for you to
5	think that the procurement process is not functioning in the
6	Virgin Islands with respect to projects over \$100,000. In my
7	years, it is not a significant amount, because the impression is
8	that all projectsthere's a huge amount of projects that are
9	breaking into pieces, and that is not the case. There may be
10	instances where it's done. And once the other
11	financesometimes we have to take a position in the Ministry of
12	Finance that we don't believe there's been value for money, and
13	we may object to the use of splitting up of those contracts in
14	some instances.
15	So, there is no clear-cutit's based on the situation
16	and the amended legislation that allow us to do that, as well.
17	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: But there's no written
18	policy.
19	THE WITNESS: There is none.
20	And the new procurement bill, how it's written.
21	It'sit probably more than likely avoids some of those
22	situation, is not in the new procurement bill. So, the new
23	procurement bill addresses some of those issues. They still
24	talk about Petty Contract, but I do not recall seeing
25	thatwhere thatit can arbitrarily been done with the

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1	departmen	ts that just, at their own will, break it up because
2	Treasury,	in the payment process, will flag those situations.
3		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you.
4		THE WITNESS: And bring it to the Ministry's attention
5	that this	is whatthat they are circumventing in the system and
6	it's best	and it's best that the procurement process be
7	administe	red in those instances.
8		BY MR RAWAT:
9	Q.	Thank you.
10		Let's move on to a different topic, and that is the
11	Internal .	Auditor's Report relating to COVID-19 stimulus.
12		Do you have a copy of that with you, Mr Frett?
13		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Page?
14		MR RAWAT: 3050.
15		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you.
16		MR RAWAT: It's 3050, if you need it, Mr Frett.
17		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, thank you, Mr Rawat.
18		THE WITNESS: Sorry about that. I did not realize
19	that I wa	s muted, but I'm there so
20		BY MR RAWAT:
21	Q.	Thank you.
22		The Internal Auditor gave evidence about this and if
23	you look .	at 3052
24	Α.	Yes, Commissioner.
25	Q.	he explains that the report was being provided as an

1	update to Ministry of Finance. It's dated October 2020, but the
2	Internal Auditor clarified that it was, in fact, produced in
3	May 2021.
4	A. Yes.
5	Q. Internal Audit Reports are labeled "Draft Audit
6	Report" where the Ministry or Department that it's sent to has
7	not provides a Management Response, and when they haven't got a
8	Management Response, they finalise those; I understand they
9	finalise the report but still leave it as being called "draft".
10	I just wanted to ask some questions about that.
11	If you go, please, to 3053.
12	A. I'm there, Commissioner.
13	Q. You'll see in the second paragraph down: "To promote
14	transparency and accountability in the distribution of these
15	funds"this is the COVID-19 stimulus funds"the Premier
16	charged the Internal Auditor (Director of Internal Audit) to
17	provide monthly reports to the Minister of Finance for
18	transmission to the Cabinet".
19	And if you go to 3056
20	A. Yes, Commissioner.
21	Q. What the Internal Auditor observes is that: "Despite
22	multiple requests for information of a formative nature,
23	pertinent to the administration of the programmes, such
24	information was not provided in a timely manner or not at all.
25	Information such as programme objectives, performance measures

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1	(Overlapping speakers.)
2	BY MR RAWAT:
3	Qeligibility and evaluation criteria were in most
4	cases either absent from the documents presented or changed
5	significantly from what was envisaged".
6	So, she explains there that the review and final
7	conclusions in this report are based on the information
8	provided. But when I asked the Internal Auditor whether she had
9	been able to provide monthly reports, she said no, and explained
10	that it was because of a lack of information.
11	So, taking that point first, why wasn't there
12	engagement on a monthly basis with the Internal Auditor as
13	envisaged?
14	A. Commissioner, is that engagement between the Internal
15	Auditor and the Ministry of Finance or between the Internal
16	Audit and the Premier's Office?
17	Q. Well, it's with the Ministry of Finance. If the
18	answer is that it didn't fall to the Ministry of Finance to
19	provide information, then please give that answer.
20	A. Commissioner, I think that once themy predecessor
21	comes this afternoon, he can be able to answer some of those
22	questions more articulately than I can. However, I would say
23	that we, from my research in providing information to you,
24	Commissioner, I did note that where the Internal Auditor wrote
25	to the Ministry of Finance requesting that information not per

se from us but assistance in getting certain information
 from--that she needs in order to conduct her review--or her
 monthly review of the programmes and administering of the
 programmes. We, in turn, would have written to the Premier's
 Office asking them to provide such information to the Internal
 Auditor to provide an update on the requested information.

7 I did not have an opportunity to sit down with the 8 Internal Auditor to go through her Report. I was actually 9 surprised that it made its way to the Commission of Inquiry 10 without having that opportunity to discuss the content. I had 11 to go on medical leave, and next thing I know it's before the 12 Commission of Inquiry. So, in all fairness, I did not get an 13 opportunity to discuss the content because it was in draft form.

14 And secondly, Commissioner, I did not--I was not able 15 to have that dialogue with the PS prior to, to say to her this a 16 report--I did share it with her. I did share the report with 17 the PS of the Premier Office Accounting Officer and raised these 18 concerns. I subsequently wrote to the Internal Auditor and let 19 her know that I will follow up with the -- I shared the 20 information with the PS, and I would like for her to also sit 21 and see what are some of the issues. But in discussing the 2.2 matter with the PS, there appears to have been some level of 23 communications -- some communication between the two entities, 24 how--whether that it produced documents or not. That's 25 something different, but to say there is no communication or--so

1 there was--there were dialogue--there was dialogue between the 2 two entities.

3 So, I would say, Commissioner, the situation was very 4 fluid with COVID-19. At the same time that the Internal Auditor may have been requesting information, the policy rolled out, the 5 6 policy--the programme rolled out what happened since, 7 simultaneously. And I commend, actually, the Premier's Office for the magnitude of the requests and the situation that they 8 9 were dealing with. And having not just the Internal Auditor 10 asking for information, but also the Auditor General asking us, 11 have her own report going on at the same time.

12 I'm not here to defend her or anything like that. I'm 13 just here to clarify, to say that there must be a reasonable 14 explanation as to why the information to submit to the Internal 15 Auditor was not presented, and how can we rectify that going 16 forward in future--in the future, the timely submission of 17 documents to the Internal Auditor in order for them to execute.

18 But this was not an Internal Audit that was going on 19 The Premier and the Minister of Finance was at the time. 20 actually the one who insisted to the then-Financial Secretary 21 and myself in a meeting, that the Internal Auditor must be a 2.2 part of this process. And I would not have seen that the former 23 Secretary would go against the Premier's wishes to not provide 24 to the Auditor General. So, there must be some reasonable 25 explanation or misunderstanding with respect to whether or not

the information requested was provided. I know that we did follow up with the Ministry of Finance. And I do not see the former Secretary willfully not--not providing that information. There should have been explanation. I cannot speak for her with respect to that, but I'm sure there is an explanation.

6 And I think it would have been more prudent, before 7 the report was disseminated, if we had sat down as respectful persons in the Public Service, the Senior Managers, senior 8 9 person in Government, to discuss these matters. I'm not sure 10 how forceful the--I know she wrote to us, to be communicated 11 there. But I'm not sure how forceful the Internal Auditor was 12 for insisting that this information be provided. But she plays 13 a very critical role in the good governance process of the 14 service, and they have done tremendous work on behalf of the 15 Ministry, the Ministry of Finance. And I do commend them and 16 the small team that they have to produce such information.

But, in hindsight, maybe the communication between the agencies could have been improved to avoid this current situation.

Q. You were not--save for getting requests from the Internal Auditor for assisting in terms of the provision of information, you, yourself, as Financial Secretary, were not directly involved in any discussions that may have happened between the Premier's Office and the Internal Auditor? A. No. I do not--I don't recall that. But it's just

1	based on my discussion, my discussion with the former Secretary
2	subsequent to the Report that came out. Only other
3	correspondence, like I said, is what I would have submitted to
4	her, forward the requests from the Internal Auditor to her for
5	fulfilling that.
6	
7	A. Yes.
8	Qrequests could reach the Permanent Secretary, but
9	had no direct involvement.
10	Was it also the same case with the Auditor General?
11	You were not involved or party to the dialogue between the
12	Permanent Secretary and the Auditor General; is that
13	A. No. No, Commissioner, I was not involved in the
14	dialogue between the two parties with respect to that.
15	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you very much,
16	Mr Frett.
17	BY MR RAWAT:
18	Q. The stimulus grants audit seems to cover a number of
19	Ministries, and I just want to clarify the precise role of the
20	Ministry of Finance in it. If we look at 3057, please
21	A. Yes, Commissioner.
22	Q this is the section of the Internal Auditor's
23	report relating to SME Grants, small to medium enterprises
24	grants. And Cabinet approved a grant programme of \$6.5 million
25	for a grant from the BVI Social Security Board.

1	You will see at the top of this page that what was
2	provided for was that there would be a committee from
3	representatives from the Premier's office, the Ministry of
4	Finance, and the Department of Trade to oversee the programme.
5	Did you have any involvement in that Committee?
6	A. Commissioner, this is the one for small businesses?
7	Q. Yes.
8	A. Commissioner, I don't remember being on that
9	particular committee. I could stand corrected, but I don't
10	remember being involved on that. I was on the main committee
11	for stimulus, I think that one is called. I was on the
12	implementation, Stimulus Implementation Committee, and another
13	committee I was on. But dealing directly with the one for
14	businesses, I don't remember participating, actively
15	participating in this particular one.
16	And Commissioner, you will appreciate that the
17	Financial Secretary or his Deputy, which was myself at the time,
18	weit was madness in the place at that time, and we were pulled
19	in so many different directions. So, even though you may have
20	been on a committee, you may not have been actively involved for
21	various reasons. So, I don't remember this one. I would have
22	to go back. I remember something like this but I don't
23	remember. I think one of my colleagues was on this committee.
24	Q. In situations like that, where you have a grant
25	programmeand it appears that in this case you've got the

1	Premier's Office; the Ministry of Finance; Department of Public
2	Trade and Investment. Consumer Affairs are involved. So, three
3	entities are involved. Who would be the Accounting Officer in
4	this case?
5	A. Commissioner, the Accounting Officer with respect to
6	what, the dissemination of the funds?
7	Q. Yes. In relation to this grants programme, who would
8	be the Accounting Officer?
9	A. Commissioner, from my knowledge, I believe this
10	particular programme was disseminated through the Premier's
11	Office.
12	Q. Now, what it says is that the Committee started off
13	with an extensive applicationthis is at 3057and eligibility
14	and approval criteria. But, then, because of time constraints
15	and unavailability of requisite data, the criteria were slimmed
16	down, if you like, and essentially it was whether you had a
17	valid trade license and fewer than 20 employees. And they then
18	treated the businesses into five groups.
19	Although I think I may know the answer to this, but
20	would you say you can't recall being involved in a Committee, in
21	any way involved, as Deputy Financial Secretary or Financial
22	Secretary, in setting the criteria for this programme?
23	A. Commissioner, I was not involved in setting the
24	criteria for this programme. But I would observe, Commissioner,
25	that after themaybe during our postmortem on these different

1	programmes and looking at the different Auditor Reports, I do			
2	believe that, we, as a Territory, we were in unchartered waters.			
3	We never had to provide a similar package like this, and we was			
4	learning as we go, in many instances.			
5	And, Commissioner, they just noted that the programme			
6	was killed for various reasons. We were trying toin general,			
7	not for this particular programme, but we were trying to			
8	introduce immediate Stimulus Packages as if using the			
9	currentour current legislation and our current structures to			
10	do so. In hindsight, maybe that was an error.			
11	If you look at the United States, it is through			
12	legislation they passed the stimulus. And they decided, because			
13	of that immediate stimulus, you have to be able to get that			
14	money as quickly as possible to the individuals to whom you			
15	hoped to help.			
16	So, our technical persons try their best to come up			
17	with the best feasible programmes within a policy document			
18	within the current structure that we have our laws and our best			
19	practices that they are aware of.			
20	And, perhaps, in hindsight is that we are a little bit			
21	overambitious in the number of criteria that we are asking			
22	respondents or persons who were applying to adhere to. In the			
23	United States, every single individual got X amount ofI think			
24	it was \$1,200 or something like that, once you're a US citizen			
25	or resident, once you got that money. The businessesthe			

1 criteria for giving these individuals stimulus was not as 2 stringent as we introduced, perhaps because we--our learning 3 curve was very steep and we were learning as we go. 4 In addition, Commissioner, we have since changed our procurement rules that allows us to deal with procurement 5 6 matters during crisis of pandemics or natural disaster. And we 7 still have not dealt with how do we deal with stimulus grants or assistance to persons. That is something--I was speaking with 8 9 someone last week or a couple of weeks ago. I said this is 10 something we maybe need to look into. We need to have 11 legislation or a separate legislation when stimulus is given, 12 that is passed quickly through the House of Assembly, saying 13 this is the grant we're going to offer, these are the criteria, 14 this is how we're going to address these issues. But to try to 15 do it in the environment, the normal environment in which we 16 were going to do, resulted in some unachievable results, 17 objectives, as a result of the different policies that were introduced. 18

So, that is a lesson learned from this whole exercise.
And, hopefully, in the near future we can come up with a clear
guidelines, not just with what is there. I know that Social
Development is working keenly on a stimulus. Imagine that,
months after, they're still working on income support stimulus.
It is no fault of theirs. But they're coming up with a
comprehensive policy that, hopefully, we can adopt in the future

1 going forward. 2 So, for the others that the Auditor General or the 3 Internal Auditor addressed as having some shortcomings, we are 4 to look at them and regroup and come up with better policies 5 with respect to those. 6 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Mr Frett, in relation to 7 this programme, though, as I understand your evidence, you were not involved in setting the criteria and you were not involved 8 9 in the implementation of it. 10 THE WITNESS: Commissioner, I do not recall having 11 been involved with the criteria for those small businesses. 12 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Nor were you, as I 13 understand it, involved in the implementation of it. 14 THE WITNESS: No. 15 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you very much, 16 Mr Frett. 17 BY MR RAWAT: 18 Ο. Let's move on then to the other programmes that the 19 Internal Auditor dealt with. And I think, if you could bear in 20 mind the two points that the Commissioner has just put to you, so we can then understand what your role, if any, was. 21 If you 2.2 go to page 3062, which is the Traffic Transformation and 23 Transportation Programme. 24 Now, the synopsis at the top there speaks of a 25 programme piloted by the Ministry of Transportation and Public

1 Works and funded through the Premier's Office. So, in relation 2 to this specific programme, were you involved in its 3 implementation at all? Commissioner, no, not with the implementation. 4 Α. Onlv thing I may have been involved with is if there is a document to 5 6 be signed with respect to spending or some budgetary process or 7 something of that nature. But with respect to the day-to-day operation of that, no. 8 9 Ο. So, the setting of criteria, the drafting of a policy 10 document, that did not come within your remit within the 11 Ministry of Health? 12 Α. Commissioner, no. 13 If you go, then, to 3064. Q. 14 I'm there, Commissioner. Α. Okay. 15 Ο. You have the COVID-19 Assistance Grants Initiative 16 through the House of Assembly, and that was in addition to the 17 Assistance Grants Programme that we looked at. 18 Now, again, did you, as Deputy Financial Secretary or 19 Financial Secretary, have involvement in the implementation of 20 that programme at all? 21 Α. Commissioner, no. Same response as above, as I noted 2.2 earlier. 23 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you, Mr Frett. 24 BY MR RAWAT: 25 If you go through, Mr Frett, to 3068. Q.

1	A. Yes, Commissioner.		
2	Q. You've got there the next programme, which is Support		
3	to Daycares, Private Schools and Religious Organizations.		
4	Now, that'sthe evidence from the Internal Auditor		
5	and the Auditor General was that that programme was mediated		
6	through the Premier's Office. Can you confirm that you, as		
7	Deputy Financial Secretary or Financial Secretary, had no		
8	involvement in implementation of that programme?		
9	A. Commissioner, I was not involved in that programme.		
10	Q. And then if you turn to 3069, please, Mr Frett.		
11	A. I'm there, Commissioner.		
12	Q. We have then the fifth programme that the Internal		
13	Auditor reviewed, Support to Agriculture and Fisheries. The		
14	Auditor General looked at this sheet. She produced a report		
15	which reports grants to farmers and fisherfolk.		
16	Now, again, the evidence that the Commissioner has is		
17	that this programme was mediated through the Premier's Office.		
18	So, again, you as Deputy Financial OfficerFinancial Secretary,		
19	forgive meand now Acting Financial Secretary, can you confirm		
20	you had no involvement in the implementation of this programme?		
21	A. Commissioner, I was involved. I was a Member of the		
22	Committee that was involved in this particular programme. I was		
23	not an active Member, as I should been, because of various		
24	reasons. I think I only attended maybe two meetings, and I		
25	subsequently asked another officer in the Ministry of Finance to		

]				
1	attend those meetings on my behalf, and I think that officer			
2	only attended one subsequent meeting.			
3	So, while the Ministry of Finance was on the			
4	Committee, our active participation in the meetings was somewhat			
5	limited due to inactive attendance and other reasons.			
6	But I haveinformation was shared with me, so I'm			
7	familiar with some of the content of theof the policy that			
8	eventually came out.			
9	Q. But in terms of the implementation, that policy			
10	approval of applications, your criteria performance measure,			
11	these were matters that were not within the ambit of the			
12	Ministry of Finance; is that right?			
13	A. Commissioner, no.			
14	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you.			
15	BY MR RAWAT:			
16	Q. Can we move on to my last topic, please, Mr Frett.			
17	And it's really just some clarification and clarity about			
18	reporting lines, please.			
19	As we understand it, the Customs Department sits under			
20	the Ministry of Finance; is that right?			
21	A. That is correct, Commissioner.			
22	Q. The Commissioner of Customs, Wade Smith, has given			
23	evidence to the Commissioner on three occasions now. I want to			
24	askif my memory is not playing me false, he described himself			
25	as "technical people". So, the decisions as to how Customs			

1 operate, given that it sits under the Ministry of Finance, can 2 you explain how the relationship between Customs and the 3 Ministry of Finance is meant to work? 4 Α. Commissioner, the Customs Department is a law-enforcement department, and they have a number of 5 6 responsibilities with respect to border security, importation of 7 goods and export of goods, so they have guite a broad scope. They're also part of the Joint Task Force and other committees 8 9 that they are involved with. 10 My view of any Department that falls within the 11 Ministry of Finance, they report directly to the Financial

12 Secretary. There are some areas, such as relationship with 13 international bodies such as maybe the U.S. Coast Guard or the 14 National Security Council, where the Financial Secretary is not 15 a member of those particular bodies, and as Commissioner of 16 Customs, he may interact directly with those agencies. But it does not remove the fact that, as Financial Secretary, there 17 18 should still be some line of reporting or communication to the 19 Financial Secretary on such matters.

There may be sensitive matters that he may not be able to disclose that maybe are under investigation. But, as a general item, he should report on a regular basis on the performance of the Customs Department as the Accounting Officer. That is, the Commissioner as Accounting Officer under the reporting and whether or not they're meeting their strategic

1 plans, goals, objectives, and how they are administering 2 resources, financial and other resources that have been changed 3 to them. So, they do have that clear line of reporting to us. 4 Q. Is the Commissioner--does the Commissioner of Customs 5 hold an Accounting Officer role?

A. Commissioner, yes. He's the Accounting Officer for7 the Customs Department.

8 Q. The reason for my questions is because the Internal 9 Auditor has recently done an audit report in 2020 in relation to 10 Customs, and she made a number of recommendations. One of the 11 issues that arose from that report is how Customs identify 12 conflicts of interest, so, for example, how it deals with--the 13 example that appears in the report is that it's addressing an 14 allegation that a number of Customs Officers, by brokerage 15 services, whether legitimately or illegitimately, have a private 16 interest (drop in audio) and the Internal Auditor raised that as 17 a potential conflict, and she described it as a "significant 18 conflict" because they may affect an ability to influence the 19 processing of Customs Declarations, it may cause--give an unfair 20 advantage to a person, depending on the brokerage services that 21 you use.

And what she noted was, absent appropriate (drop in audio) to manage or minimize this conflict, the current process is ripe for fraud.

25

Now, we did hear from Wade Smith on this. But from

1 the perspective of you as Financial Secretary, is that something--in terms of how a department that sits under the 2 3 Ministry manages conflicts of interest, would that be something 4 that would be brought to your attention? 5 Α. Um-hmm. Commissioner, yes. 6 Ο. And what role, then, does the Ministry of Finance play 7 in ensuring that the Department is adequately--has adequate 8 measures in place to manage potential conflicts of interests? 9 Α. Commissioner, the report referred to, it was presented 10 to my predecessor, and he will be before you this afternoon, and 11 he would be best to answer that because I subsequently had a 12 meeting with Internal Audit once the report campaign to my 13 attention, but the discussion in relation to the report, it was 14 discussed with the former FS. It was presented to the former 15 FS. It was discussed. I understand they had a meeting 16 themselves. The Commissioner of Customs responded to the 17 This is what I was duly informed, that the Commissioner report. 18 of Customs responded to the report that was presented by the 19 Internal Auditor, clarifying any of the concerns that were--that 20 was raised in the document. 21 I subsequently discussed the matter with the 2.2 Commissioner of Customs, and the necessary steps are being taken 23 to remedy that situation, he wrote to us, and that such matters

25 believe, to address that particular concern with brokerage

would have to go through the Deputy Governor's Office, I do

24

1	services within the Customs Department.			
2	So, he did make recommendation with respect to			
3	officers who are engaging in such services and the appearance			
4	that it would give of conflict. But approval to operate			
5	brokerage services, they have to get a special interestnot			
6	interestapproval from the Deputy Governor's Office to engage			
7	in such services. I can't, a hundred percent, say whether or			
8	not the alleged officers get approval from the Deputy Governor.			
9	I have to go back to the report. But I know that is a matter			
10	that's being discussed. This is something on the front burner			
11	about public officers engaging in business that deal			
12	directlyespecially those that they directly have some level of			
13	influence over.			
14	Q. So, your evidence is that it currently sits with the			
15	Deputy Governor's Office, and when it			
16	A. No. No. I'm saying that is a matter that have to be			
17	further discussed with the Deputy Governor and how do we move			
18	forward and rectify the situation. Deputy Governor's Office,			
19	yes.			
20	Q. Is there a timeline for when these discussions will be			
21	completed? Correct?			
22	A. Commissioner, like I noted, this particular			
23	documentsince I took office, I work for about sixfive, six			
24	months without any Deputy, and it iswe are working towards			
25	building the team here at the Ministry of Finance. Soand in			

1 light of the COVID-19 continuing and the spike that we are 2 currently having, and also the Commission, the Commission of 3 Inquiry, I have put tremendous amount of resources behind the 4 Commission of Inquiry where they're working weekends, late nights, trying to meet the stringent timelines that are being 5 6 presented to us, and my team currently is burned out with 7 respect to everything that is happening around then, and I can only ask so much of them to perform. To me, I'm not sure how 8 9 they're doing it, performing at such high level, notwithstanding 10 the magnitude of things that are being asked of them, and I 11 commend them for the work they are doing.

12 So, I don't want to specifically put a timeline to say 13 next week I'm going to reach out to the Deputy Governor. 14 Anything that is emanating from the Commission of Inquiry, 15 obviously, it is of importance and should be given the priority 16 So, I'm making note, and I will--I will make note it deserves. 17 as we speak. And I personally will ask my HR Manager or someone 18 else to advance this particular matter on how we can address 19 conflict of interest with respect to persons performing this. 20 Before you note, that wasn't the request. Your Q. 21 evidence was that, as a result of internal discussions arising 2.2 out of the report -- so, irrespective of the Commission of 23 Inquiry, there had been a discussion ongoing with the Deputy 24 Governor's Office about how one deals with Public Officers who 25 have a conflict of interest by taking on a private job. And my

1 question was merely to ask what progress there was on those 2 discussion. Those are discussions that had been initiated 3 irrespective of the Commission. It was simply whether you had, in discussions between 4 yourselves, the Commissioner of Customs, and the Deputy 5 6 Governor's Office, an idea as to when you would make a decision 7 or--8 (Overlapping speakers.) 9 Ο. --and the answer seems to be that there isn't, yet, a 10 definite date when you will reach a concluded view. 11 Commissioner, I will make it a priority. Anything Α. 12 emanating from the Commission of Inquiry is of importance. And 13 I'm sure my colleagues are listening in to my evidence given 14 here and they have taken heed. And I will seek, before the end 15 of the week, to have that discussion continued--because I'm 16 having the discussion with the Commissioner, but to perhaps 17 advance it further with the Deputy Governor to see how such 18 matters can be resolved. 19 Well, thank you, Mr Frett. COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: 20 As Mr Rawat said, it would be simply helpful to know where that had got to, so far. 21 2.2 Is there anything else, Mr Rawat? 23 MR RAWAT: There is nothing else. And that, in fact, 24 is the conclusion of my questions. 25 I would like to, firstly, thank Mr Frett for giving up

1	his time to assist the Commission further, but also thank him			
2	for the way he's given that evidence.			
3	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes.			
4	Mr Frett, can I thank you both for your time this			
5	morning and your evidence this morning, which has been very			
6	helpful, but also for the assistance you and your colleagues			
7	have given to the inquiry. I understand that, although requests			
8	tend to go to Ministers, the burden of responding to them			
9	usually falls upon Permanent Secretaries, in your case, the			
10	Financial Secretary, and those who work with them. So, thank			
11	you very much.			
12	Good. Anything else?			
13	MR RAWAT: Our next witness is at 2:00.			
14	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Good. Thank you,			
15	Mr Frett.			
16	THE WITNESS: Thank you so much, Commissioner and your			
17	team, for the work you are doing.			
18	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you, Mr Frett.			
19	MR RAWAT: Thank you, Mr Frett.			
20	(Witness steps down.)			
21	(Recess.)			

1		Session 3	
2		GLENROY A FORBES, COMMISSION WITNESS, CALLED	
3		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: I think we're ready to	
4	recommenc	recommence.	
5		Mr Rawat. Thank you very much.	
6		MR RAWAT: Thank you, Commission of Inquiry.	
7		Our next witness is Glenroy Forbes. Mr Forbes is, as	
8	with othe	r witnesses now, giving his evidence remotely.	
9		BY MR RAWAT:	
10	Q.	Mr Forbes, I understand that you will be willing to	
11	give your	evidence on affirmation; is that right?	
12	Α.	Yes, sir.	
13	Q.	And if I can ask you, I will read out the words of the	
14	affirmati	on if you then repeat them after me, that will deal	
15	with it.		
16		So, the words of the Witness Affirmation are: "I do	
17	solemnly,	sincerely, and truly declare and affirm".	
18	Α.	I do solemnly, sincerely and truly affirm.	
19	Q.	I do solemnly, sincerely and truly declare and affirm.	
20	Α.	I do solemnly declarewhat? I'm not getting that	
21	right, si	r.	
22		Is it possibleis it possible for you to	
23		(Overlapping speakers.)	
24	Α.	Can we share the screen, please, I can read it out?	
25	Is that p	ossible?	

1	Q.	I'm not sure that it is.
2		Let me try and do it in smaller words.
3	Α.	All right.
4	Q.	I do solemnly.
5	Α.	I do solemnly.
6	Q.	Sincerely and truly.
7	Α.	Sincerely and truly.
8	Q.	Declare and affirm.
9	Α.	Declare and affirm.
10	Q.	That the evidence.
11	Α.	That the evidence.
12	Q.	I shall give.
13	Α.	I shall give.
14	Q.	Shall be the truth.
15	Α.	Shall be the truth.
16	Q.	The whole truth.
17	A.	The whole truth.
18	Q.	And nothing but the truth.
19	A.	And nothing but the truth.
20		COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you very much,
21	Mr Forbes	
22		BY MR RAWAT:
23	Q.	Thank you, Mr Forbes, for attending remotely to give
24	your evid	ence today.
25		Can we deal with some formalities. Can you give the

1	Commissioner your full name, please?
2	A. My name is Glenroy Alexander Forbes.
3	Q. Now, as we are going through, can I ask you just to
4	remember to keep your voice up, please, and to speak slowly.
5	And it helps if both you and I try not to speak across each
6	other, which can sometimes happen because there can be a slight
7	delay on a remote link. So, if we take our time we should be
8	able to avoid that.
9	Now, you have had previous service in the Public
10	Service, particularly as Financial Secretary but could youand
11	you have acted as Financial Secretary and indeed Deputy
12	Financial Secretary on more than one occasion, the most recent
13	time taking the post in 2017. Could you give the Commissioner
14	an outline of your professional background before you took on
15	the role of Financial Secretary in 2017, please.
16	A. I began my Civil Service career as a teacher. And
17	soon after I qualified as a trained teacher by attending the
18	University of the West Indies, a teachers' training programme,
19	which was conducted at Erdiston College in Barbados.
20	I taught for a while, and then I did a degree, a
21	Bachelor's degree in social sciences with a concentration in
22	economics at the College the Virgin Islands, now the University
23	of the Virgin Islands.
24	And then I did a Master's degree in Maryland in the
25	United States in economics. I worked for a while in the US

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1	Virgin Islands as a senior analyst in the Bureau of Labor
2	Statistics, and then I returned to the BVI where I was appointed
3	as Deputy Financial Secretary in 1986. I was subsequently was
4	appointed to act as Financial Secretary, I think it was in 1991,
5	and I was subsequently confirmed maybe in 1992 to '93.
6	I left that post on study leave, and I think I went to
7	the United Kingdom, the Wales categories where I read for law.
8	That was in 1998. I was subsequently called to the Bar of
9	England and Wales as a non-practicing Barrister in 2001, I think
10	it was.
11	And shortly after that, I was called to the Eastern
12	Caribbean Supreme Court and rose to the position as a Barrister.
13	I then worked for a while with one of the local firms,
14	I think it was "Hanis" (phonetic), and then I was called back,
15	still being a civil servant because I was on secondment, I was
16	called back to the Ministry of Finance where I stayed in 2001 I
17	was called back, I think 2002, where I stayed for until 2005
18	when I retired.
19	And then in 2017, I was invited to come back by the
20	then Minister of Finance and Premier, the Honourable D Orlando
21	Smith to assist him in his finance subject, with his finance
22	subject.
23	I left that post on 31stit was on contract, I left
24	that post on the 31st of December 2020.
25	Q. In terms of when you stepped away in 2005, who

1	replaced you as Financial Secretary then?
2	A. I believe a young lady by the name of "Katelyn"
3	(phonetic) Fraser, Ms Fraser had acted for a while, and Mr Neil
4	Smith was subsequently appointed as Financial Secretary.
5	Q. And when you returned most recently, was it to take
6	over from Mr Smith?
7	A. Yes. Yes, Commissioner.
8	Q. A number of matters that I would like to cover you
9	with, please, Mr Forbes. The first relates to the work of the
10	Internal Auditor.
11	The Internal Auditor has given evidence to the
12	Commissioner, and she's explained that her Department reports to
13	the Internal Audit Advisory Committee.
14	A. Um-hmm.
15	Q. A committee which was last in place on 31st of
16	December 2016.
17	So you, when you returned in 2017, would have returned
18	to a situation where the Committee had not been reestablished.
19	As we understand it, both from the Internal Auditor and from
20	Jeremiah Frett who has just given evidence, steps have been
21	taken now to re-establish the Committee, but there was a gap
22	between the 31st of December 2016 and June 2021, when the
23	Committee was not established or sitting.
24	Could you explainand the evidence of the Internal
25	Auditor was that she wrote to the Financial Secretary, which

1 would be you and Mr Frett, raising up--raising the need to resurrect the Committee, but can you explain to the Commissioner 2 3 why steps were not taken during your tenure to re-establish the 4 Committee? Commissioner, as I recall, I remember the Director of 5 Α. 6 Internal Audit actually approaching me and explained that 7 situation to me. I think we had gotten to the point where we were about to suggest persons for that particular role who can 8 9 serve on a Committee. But with all the intervening 10 circumstances, I think we didn't get back to that, that 11 particular issue. 12 Q. And so, was it just something that because of other 13 circumstances, dropped down the priority list? 14 Α. I would say so, sir. There were, as you can perhaps 15 imagine, there were a lot of competing demands on my time and 16 the time of the Ministry of Finance. And, you know, that maybe 17 along with other things, perhaps dropped to a lower priority on 18 that list of priorities. 19 Ο. The next matter I would like to canvass with you, 20 please, Mr Forbes, is the work of the Auditor General. The 21 Auditor General produces Annual Reports, and part of what she 2.2 sets out is her audit of government. 23 Now, the Commissioner has the Annual Reports for the year-end 2008 onwards, and those Reports go to 2016. What they 24 25 show--and you can get from them--are the dates on which the

Financial Statements of Government were submitted to the Auditor
 General, and the date of which she then submitted her Report
 having reviewed the accounts and authorized them.

And what they show is, between 2008 and 2011, the sort 4 of average gap between the Auditor General receiving Financial 5 6 Statements and dealing with them was 22 months. For 2012, for 7 the year-end 2012, the accounts reached the Auditor General on the 12th of January 2017, so that's shortly, I think, before you 8 9 resumed your role as Financial Secretary. I think you returned 10 to that position in June 2017, so you inherited a situation 11 where there was a long gap between the year-end and Financial 12 Statements reaching the Auditor General, and that gap has come 13 down, so five years has dropped down to four, then three, then 14 two.

But do you know why there was such a delay, why--you referred to this, for example, in relation to 2012, the accounts didn't reach the Auditor General until 2017?

18 Α. Commissioner, I cannot say with any certainty the 19 reasons for that. As I already pointed out a while ago by 20 yourself is that, I inherited that situation, and I can recall 21 quite vividly when I was first approached to return to the 2.2 Ministry of Finance. I was told by the then Premier that, as 23 Minister of Finance, he has little to no confidence in the 24 figures that are being produced by the Treasury and sent to him 25 via the Ministry of Finance, and he asked me to come back and

1	see if I can rectify that situation for him or help him to
2	understand it, which I did.
3	I discovered that there had been quite a backlog of
4	un-presented Annual Reports to my dismay. Actually, I can
5	report, based on my recollection, is that the last report that
6	was submitted prior to me getting there would have been the 2011
7	Report. And even with that being submitted, there were a number
8	of, I'm going to say procedural issues in terms of legalizing
9	the spending that was done in those prior years, which were not
10	done. They included supplementary budgets that were not
11	presented after the Auditor General had made her Report because
12	invariably, when the Auditor General makes her Report, she would
13	say that "head X" or "ex head B" has been over-expended, and
14	then I believe for the Ministry of Finance to advise the
15	Ministry of Finance on taking a supplementary estimate to the
16	House to make sure that that spending is actually legalised.
17	And further that, there was a situation where dating
18	back to 2007, if I recall, there were no appropriate
19	Supplementary Appropriation Bills passed into Acts at the House
20	of Assembly, so all that, the team of the Ministry of Finance,
21	with my assistance or guidance, had to produce even before we
22	got to the actual 2012 that wasthat was2013 because 2012, as
23	you said a while ago, was already submitted by the time I got
24	there.
25	So, I'm just laying the groundwork as to what I was

1 being faced with at the time.

2	Q. But, I mean, looking at thehaving regard to the
3	Auditor General's evidence, one of the issues she pointed out
4	was that when Financial Statements were being submitted to her,
5	they were not in the proper format. There were issues around
6	the use of or how they were being presented that meant that she
7	had to send them back, they had to be revised and they had to
8	come back to her, and that obviously introduced delay, so she
9	was dealing essentially with the Years 2012 through to 2016,
10	they were finally dealt with by 2018, and that was a year in
11	which she did her work. But acknowledging that you arrived, you
12	effectively inherited that situation, did you identify any
13	factors that had caused that set of circumstances?
14	A. One of the things that I observed is that there were
15	legislations passed or enacted that mandated that we move to a
16	different form of presenting the accounts for the Financial
16 17	different form of presenting the accounts for the Financial Statements. And in fact thethere was aI met a consultant
17	Statements. And in fact thethere was aI met a consultant
17 18	Statements. And in fact thethere was aI met a consultant hired and working in the Treasury with the Accountant General
17 18 19	Statements. And in fact thethere was aI met a consultant hired and working in the Treasury with the Accountant General assisting with those matters in terms of getting the accounts up
17 18 19 20	Statements. And in fact thethere was aI met a consultant hired and working in the Treasury with the Accountant General assisting with those matters in terms of getting the accounts up and other matters, and my observation was that for whatever
17 18 19 20 21	Statements. And in fact thethere was aI met a consultant hired and working in the Treasury with the Accountant General assisting with those matters in terms of getting the accounts up and other matters, and my observation was that for whatever reason, the Government or the Accounting General was not able to
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17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Statements. And in fact thethere was aI met a consultant hired and working in the Treasury with the Accountant General assisting with those matters in terms of getting the accounts up and other matters, and my observation was that for whatever reason, the Government or the Accounting General was not able to present those accounts in a format that needed to be submitted because it furthered itself and the Ministry of Finance were not

1	And if you go deeper down into the entire thing, I
2	think it wasn't untiluntil 20162016, yes, 2016, was when
3	they made a full attempt to introduce this IPSAS system. And
4	(drop in audio) with that, there were a number of factors which
5	would have prevented the BVI Government from doing just that,
6	and one of the things which I think the Auditor General pointed
7	out was that the whole recording of assets and how we manage
8	assets was not properly or were not presented in the statements
9	the way they should be presented if you're talking about moving
10	to the IPSAS system or away from a cash-based system.
11	Q. So, do you, in terms of identifying factors that had
12	significant effect, that inability to implement the IPSAS system
13	with any speed is what made life difficult?
14	A. Well, that was one of the factors, and that is one
15	that has prevented the 2016 account from being submitted in a
16	format that the Auditor General could actually do her work
17	because neither the Ministry of Finance nor the Treasury itself
18	was properly prepared to deal withpublic resource, I should
19	say, to deal with the new system that wasshould have been
20	introduced way back in 2013 or whenever it was.
21	Q. You were Financial Secretary between 2017 and 2021.
22	The evidence of the Auditor General was that she's now dealing
23	with 2017, so she hasn't yet finished her work on 2017. But
24	during your time as Financial Secretary, 2017 to 2021, what
25	steps were you able to take to improve the situation that you

1	had encountered?
2	A. Well, one of the things that I must admit that, when I
3	got there I said earlier I met a Consultant assigned to the
4	Treasury, Ministry of Finance, that was working on not only
5	getting the backup accounts but also introducing the Treasury
6	staff, the workers too, this new system, the IPSAS system, with
7	all the issues that we've had with presenting the 2016, I had
8	even called back the Consultant, the same one came back but I
9	reached out to CARTAC, one of the agencies that had been working
10	with us for a number of years, I've called back CARTAC, and they
11	happened to send the same Consultant that we had before, since
12	he was very familiar with what was happening in Treasury, and it
13	was at that point that we were able to actually get the 2016
14	submitted to the Auditor General so she can do her work.
15	But I want to confirm what the Auditor General has
16	said because withI am not an accountant, but with my
17	interaction with Treasury because it is one of my
18	responsibilities or duties along with the Accountant General to
19	actually present the accounts for auditing, and there had been a
20	lot of back and forth between the Treasury Department and the
21	Auditor General office. At one point, the Auditor General
22	commented to me that it was because of the ability to

24 was able to quickly get to work on that backlog of Audit Reports

communicate and they considered it was very responsive that she

25 that we keep on referring to.

23

Q. Thank you.

1

2	Again, just in focusing on perhaps particularly the
3	time period that you spent most recently as Financial Secretary,
4	the evidence that the Commissioner has received includes
5	evidence from Members of the House of Assembly and the Internal
6	Auditor about the operation of the grants programme that's
7	within the purview of the House of Assembly, so as we understand
8	the evidence, the House of Assembly Members get either 125,000
9	or \$150,000, to deploy as Assistance Grants to constituents.
10	Your successor, Mr Frett, has explained that the
11	process is that an application form will go through the Clerks
12	of the House of Assembly, and then she will issue a Purchase
13	Order which then goes to the Treasury Department which pays out
14	on the Purchase Order. And his evidence was that the Ministry
15	of Finance doesn't have any direct involvement in that process.
16	Was that the position when you were Financial Secretary?
17	A. I should say, Commissioner that, in my earlier days as
18	Financial Secretary, that particular word didn't even exist. On
19	my return to the Ministry of Finance back in 2002, I saw that
20	particular vote in the budget estimates, and that would have
21	been questions about how that is done and how it is handled.
22	I haveI have sat with Members of the House of
23	Assembly, not necessarily these Members of the House of
24	Assembly, the current Members of the House of Assembly, but with
25	prior Members, and has encouraged them oryeah, encouraged them

because I don't really advise them--that they should set up guidelines as to how--or good guidelines as to how that money should be disbursed.

With respect to what Mr Frett may have said about the 4 process, I believe he's correct in what he said about the 5 6 process because the Clerk is the Accounting Officer, the Clerk 7 of the House of Assembly is the Accounting Officer for Legislative Council's vote, and any charges against the monies 8 9 at her disposal--because she's an Accounting Officer--she will 10 ask for the supporting documentation, and once she's satisfied 11 that she has the appropriate documentation, she will raise the 12 voucher, and assuming that there is a budget for whatever she's 13 trying to purchase, then that voucher will go to the Treasury 14 Department, and the Accountant General, as part of her duty, is 15 to satisfy herself that whatever charges come to her, that she is satisfied that is a proper charge against the public purse. 16

Q. And that's a responsibility that falls on her because she's the Accounting Officer?

19 The Clerk, because she's an Accounting Α. No--yes. 20 Officer, she has to make sure that she can only raise a Purchase 21 Order against moneys that were allotted to her through the 2.2 budgetary process for that particular purpose. When it gets to 23 the Accountant General now, her job is to ensure that whatever 24 the charge is, it is a proper charge determined by herself, that 25 is a proper charge against the public purse. If she feels it's

1	
1	not a proper charge, she sends it back or she rejects it.
2	And invariably the way things work, whether the Clerk
3	would return to me as the Executive Minister of Finance and say
4	this is what has happened, and then the Minister of Finance will
5	make a determination as to what should happen.
6	Q. So, in your experience, if the Accountant General had
7	a concern about a particular charge under this programme
8	A. Um-hmm.
9	Qthen it would be brought to your attention as
10	Financial Secretary?
11	A. Not necessarily, Commissioner. She would first send
12	it back to the Accounting Officer who, in this case, would be
13	the Clerk of the House of Assembly, okay? If there is some
14	disagreement or impasse between both officers were to occur,
15	there were no middle ground to be found, then invariably it will
16	be pushed up to the Ministry of Finance. And the Minister of
17	Finance, of course, would make a determination as to what should
18	happen.
19	Q. In yourin your time, your most recent time as
20	Financial Secretary, did that happen in relation to the
21	Assistance Grants scheme?
22	A. I don'tI don't recall, no. I don't recall. I mean,
23	personally, I had to weigh in on a matter. I knownormally,
24	when those inquiries are made, they're normally made to the
25	Budget Coordinator. And depending on what it is, if it needs

1 the input of the Financial Secretary, he would have contacted 2 me, but I don't recall any of those matters being addressed to 3 me directly. They may have been, but I can't recall. 4 Ο. You said just now that you had to weigh in on a In what circumstances do you have to weigh in? 5 matter. 6 Α. Again, if there was a question where the Accountant 7 General, for whatever reason, felt that the charge being submitted to her for payment, because she's the paymaster, if 8 9 the charge is not a proper charge, in her opinion, if that's not 10 a proper charge, then she bounces it back to the Accounting 11 Officer; okay? I'm saying if there is a case where no middle 12 ground can be found between the Accounting Officer and the 13 Accountant General, then the Minister of Finance might be called 14 upon to try to come up with a solution with respect to payment, 15 whether or not the payment can be made or it cannot be made. I will go on to give a little more detail saying that, 16 17 normally, although everything is written to the Financial 18 Secretary, basically, because that's how the process works, but 19 since this is a budget matter, the most logical officer who would deal with it at the very beginning at the Ministry of 20 21 Finance would be the Budget Coordinator, okay? And if he had an 2.2 issue and he couldn't get it resolved, he would involve me, and 23 then I would have to weigh in as Financial Secretary and say 24 this is what I think should happen. 25 You said earlier, as well, that you had discussions Q.

1	about an Assistance Grants Programmes with priorwith prior
2	Members of the House of Assembly. You have hadand you said,
3	when it came in, which was, I think, you encountered it on your
4	second stint as Financial Secretary
5	A. Um-hmm.
6	Qthat there were questions raised about it. Can you
7	tell the Commissioner a little bit more about the sort of
8	discussions that you had with previous Members, and also what
9	questions there were about this scheme?
10	A. Well, there were questions as to eligibility of
11	persons to benefit from the particular scheme or the Assistance
12	Grants Programme. And, you know, I think Members
13	discussedMembers of the House of Assembly discussed among
14	themselves what they would consider areas that would potentially
15	qualify forfor assistance. I remember there were issues as to
16	whether a Member can give assistance to his immediate family,
17	and those type of questions that were aired and discussed. And
18	I think, finally, they came up with some guidelines, and they
19	also came up with a form that persons who were applying for such
20	assistance had to fill out and submit.
21	And I thinkI don't know the details because I've
22	never actually seen one of the forms, to be quite honest, or I
23	don't recall seeing one of the forms. But I understand that the
24	Member receiving the application or the request would then
25	approve it subject to final approval of the request going

1 forward, by the Clerk, who is the Accounting Officer for the 2 particular vote.

Q. I see. Thank you.

3

What we also know from the Internal Auditor is that 4 5 there are, obviously, Assistance Grants Programmes operated by 6 different Ministries. And, in 2014, the Internal Auditor did an 7 audit of those Assistance Grants Programmes, which looks at five Ministries that administer such grants, and raised concerns over 8 9 them. And the critical key concern was that whether someone 10 should get a grant was essentially at the sole discretion of the 11 Minister, and that there were a number of deficiencies and 12 inconsistencies in the way these programmes were being 13 administered.

Now, this was published in August 2014. You were not in Public Service at that time. Upon your return in 2017, did you ever become aware that concerns had been raised about assistance programmes operated by the Ministries?

A. I would say "yes", but if you ask me about specifics,
I can't remember, but I know there were questions that were
raised with the Ministry of Finance about the way those
programmes were being administered.

But I just want to say to you, Commissioner, that the--those supply votes are those votes that are in the budget. And, based on submissions made to the Ministry of Finance, the Minister of Finance basically approves the--let's call them

1	"bits" that come from the various agencies, whether they be
2	Ministries or Department, to be part of the Annual Budget.
3	Once that money is approved by the House of Assembly
4	and the Appropriation Act for the particular yearright?it
5	issince the Ministry of Finance is the Ministry tasked with
6	ensuring that the monies that are spent in accordance with the
7	Appropriation Actright?the Ministry of Finance would
8	normally become involved if there was an appearance that there
9	is any misappropriation of those funds, in other words, funds
10	that are being spent for purposes for which they were not
11	intended.
12	If you ask me, Commissioner, if that's an easy job?
13	Is it doable? It is not an easy job. But, during my time
14	there, and I believe, even time when I was not there, I believe
15	that persons who have preceded in the Ministry of Finance and
16	who came after me in the Ministry of Finance, I believe they are
17	concerned, or they were concerned themselves, in making sure
18	that the monies are spent in accordance with the appropriation
19	bill.
20	Q. Can you help a little further with the sort of process
21	in terms of appropriation? The position seems to be that
22	additional provision for the budget can be made by this process:
23	Firstly, that it goes to Cabinet as a proposal. Cabinet then
24	approves a Resolution that's put to the House, and the House
25	then approves that Resolution, and, therefore, approves the

1 additional funds.

Now, it appears to be at the moment there is a lag in terms of dealing with Appropriation Acts. So, firstly, is that the right process, and is there such a lag?

If I can try and explain, Commissioner, there are 5 Α. 6 two--for lack of a better word--there are two Appropriation 7 Acts. Let me put it that way. There is the annual Appropriation Act which approves the budget, okay? The budget 8 9 is actually the--the budget document is actually a schedule to 10 that particular Act, okay? If there is need for additional 11 spending or additional monies over and above what is covered in 12 the annual Appropriation Act, then there is a request for a 13 supplementary budget, okay? That supplementary budget, in local 14 parlance, is normally referred to as a SAP, Schedule of 15 Additional Appropriations, okay? Provisions. I'm sorry. 16 Schedule of Additional Provisions.

17 The process, as well as I know, the process is that 18 Ministries or Agencies who have a request for additional 19 funding, for whatever reason, they make an application to the 20 Ministry of Finance. The Ministry of Finance would normally 21 agree what--because it's put into a Schedule--will agree with 2.2 the Ministry of Finance which of those requests he is willing to 23 take forward, okay? When they agree, between the Ministry of 24 Finance--the Minister of Finance agree, that schedule, he takes 25 it is to Cabinet on a Cabinet paper; and that's the Minister of

Finance, all right? Cabinet then makes a decision as to whether or not a Resolution--or a Motion, I should say--is actually introduced in the House of Assembly for the particular money vote, which is the supplementary budget that is being proposed; right?

6 So, what happens is that--is that the House of 7 Assembly actually passed that--normally passes the Resolution. 8 And almost without change sometimes, we find there is additional 9 monies added to that particular supplementary budget, okay? So, 10 the supplementary budget is passed by way of Resolution, okay? 11 That authorizes the Accountant General to actually incur 12 expenditure against the public purse.

13 Now, later in the process, there needs to be a 14 Supplementary Appropriation Bill which would pull together all 15 those supplementary estimates that relate to a particular year. 16 If there are two or three, they are put together in a Schedule, 17 and then we have introduced in the House a Supplementary 18 Appropriation Bill, which is, when approved by the House of 19 Assembly, that legalises the spending that took place over that 20 particular year.

Now, there have been--there have been delays between submitting the Supplementary Appropriation Bill, or even sometimes submitting the Resolution or the Motion for Resolution in the House, simply because sometimes there are provisions in the Public Finance Management Act that allow the Minister to

1 advance monies not necessarily in the original Appropriation 2 Act, if there is a need for additional expenditure there for 3 emergency, contingencies, whatever that might be. And they're 4 quite clear as to when that can happen.

5 Unfortunately, I have seen situations where 6 expenditure was incurred, sometimes commitment given, not 7 necessarily money spent because the system that is supposed to 8 operate--and I cannot say how it operates, the way it should 9 operate--is that when there is--when any agency needs to expend 10 money for whatever reasons, whether on goods and services on 11 behalf of the Government, they should raise a Purchase Order. Α 12 Purchase Order can only be raised in the system, in our 13 accounting system, if there is money for that purpose, if there 14 is money allotted in the Appropriation Act for that particular 15 expenditure.

16 So, unless there was some breach in the system, the 17 Government should not be able to spend money that was not 18 appropriated and that appropriated had been in the Supplementary 19 Appropriation Act, the Supplementary Appropriation Act, or they 20 can spend if you have-before the Supplementary Appropriation 21 Act is passed, you can--the Accountant General can authorize 2.2 expenditure if there was a Resolution, a formal Resolution in 23 the House, for that particular expenditure.

Q. Is the effect of a Supplementary Appropriation Act-orcan the effect of a Supplementary Appropriation Act be to

1	legalise spending that has already occurred?
2	A. In fact, it does legalise money already spent because,
3	remember, I said that to get a SAP, to get a Supplementary
4	Budget, normally there is a Resolution that is passed in the
5	House. There is a Motion moved by the Minister of Finance, and
6	a Resolution is passed in the House to spend, okay? And
7	thaton the approval of that particular Motion, or that
8	Resolution, agencies can incur expenditure, can actually spend
9	money, okay?
10	Now, to legalise that whole process, once it was money
11	gained by a SAP, by a supplementary budgetcall it what you
12	maywe need to have a Supplementary Appropriation Act of
13	Parliament.
14	So, the short answer to your question is yes, a
15	Supplementary Appropriation Act can legalise, and it does
16	legalise spending that occurred earlier, in an earlier period.
17	Q. Taking you back to the SAP, though, can that be used
18	to, if you like, replenish an account from which money has been
19	spent? So, if we take the House of Assembly Assistance Grants
20	as an example, the evidence that the Commissioner has received
21	today shows that there was a supplementarya Schedule of
22	Additional Provision that was related. It's headed No. 2 of
23	2018, but it actually is dated the 9th of May 2019, so it
24	appears to have gone through after the event.
25	And the question I have is this: Let's assume that
25	And the question I have is this: Let's assume that

1 the House of Assembly Assistance Grants has a particular budget.
2 Can it overspend that budget and then make good the shortfall by
3 having a Schedule of Additional Provision that essentially comes
4 later, after the money has been spent, and makes good the budget
5 or fills the gap?

A. There are instances where the Minister of Finance can advance monies, monies not necessarily appropriated in the annual Appropriation Act, right? But then he would be required to regularize that particular spending as soon as is practicable for him to take a Resolution to the House of Assembly.

11 So, yes, again, that can happen. And one of the 12 things that I encountered at the Ministry of Finance when I went 13 back is that the Ministry of Finance itself was actually 14 authorizing over-expenditure on certain votes and persons 15 incurring those expenses, and that is not within the ambit of 16 the law as it relates to public finance.

Only in those circumstances where the Act itself, or
the Regulations under the Act, permits the Minister of Finance
to advance monies that were not appropriated in the
Appropriation Act for that particular year.

Now, I'm going to say this, and I hope I don't confuse the Panel, Commissioner. But I want to say that one of the things where you find the legalisation or the Supplementary Appropriation Bill come in long after--you will understand why--come in long after the expense was incurred is because,

aside from the Supplementary Budget that may be approved during the course of that particular financial year, invariably, when the Auditor General audited the account for that particular year, she would say that this particular vote, which is the agency or Department of the Ministry, had been overspent by whatever amount of money.

7 If you hold the Ministry of Finance to put together a Supplementary Budget to correct all those over-expenditures that 8 9 the Auditor General has pointed out, and when you get that 10 approved by Resolution, then all those supplementary estimates, 11 all those resolutions are put together, and the Schedule 12 attached to the proposed Resolution, are put together in the 13 form of a Supplementary Appropriation Bill and taken to the 14 House.

15

Q. Thank you.

16 Can I move on to a different topic, and that is the 17 use of Petty Contracts. The evidence that we have is that, 18 depending on the value of the service or the goods that 19 Government is purchasing, you can use different types of 20 processes. So, up to \$10,000, it's going to be Work Orders. 21 Between 10,000 and 100,000, it's going to be Petty Contract. 2.2 And above 100,000, it's a Major Contract, and you have to put it 23 out to tender unless Cabinet decides to waive it. 24 Now, one of the concerns that has been raised in 25 evidence before the Commissioner is that of contract-splitting,

1	where a way of avoiding puttingthe need to put a Major
2	Contract out to tender is to split it into a number of Petty
3	Contracts. And this was, for example, an issue that was
4	highlighted to the Commissioner by the Internal Auditor, and the
5	Internal Auditor Department did a report on this in April 2012.
6	Taking it forward in time to the time that you,
7	Mr Forbes, were Financial Secretary, 2017-2021 in this case,
8	what was the Ministry of Finance's position in relation to the
9	use of Petty Contracts?
10	A. Commissioner, the issue of contract-splitting has been
11	a matter that has exercised the Ministry of Finance and, I
12	guess, our Financial Secretaries for quite a while, during my
13	first stint, my second stint, and even on my return to the
14	Ministry of Finance. The Ministry of Finance as far as I'm
15	aware, or at least when I was there, was that there are times
16	when a particularparticular contracts may be necessary. But,
17	strictly speaking, the law says the excess thatthat is
18	anything, any expense that is 100,000 or above is to be the
19	subject of a Major Contract, and, hence, the tendering process,
20	open tender; right?
21	The approach that I have taken was that anything that
22	is over the 100,000over the 100,000, it is a Major Contract,
23	okay? That is the proposition. That is what the law says. If
24	you're going to derogate or you're going to deviate from the
25	lawright?you have to show evidence for doing so.

1	I don't know if I could emphasize againanything, any
2	projects that are over 100,000, as far as I'm concerned, it is
3	looked at and should be looked at as Major Contract, A Major
4	Contract. However, there are instances where Petty Contracts
5	might prove very useful, whether forwhether for efficiency;
6	whether for expediency; whether you want to acquire another
7	objective, which may be sharing the work among different players
8	because you want to make sure that persons have a job and can
9	ownall those things. But like any particular proposition,
10	there is evidence that can report that particular proposition
11	and it needs to be quoted into evidence.
12	Q. But was there any specific guidance or position in
13	terms of the Ministry of Finance in your time?
14	A. Yes. During my earlier stint, I have wrote a number
15	of circulars offering guidance as to how we should be dealing
16	with cases where persons are presuming to be using the Petty
17	Contract route. And one of thoseone of those rules was that,
18	if you're going to split up a particular contract into smaller
19	portions to make sure it falls under the Petty Contract, the
20	Petty Contract limit or the Major Contract limit, then you
21	shouldn't beevidence of you offering multiple contracts to any
22	one operator is evidence, sufficient evidence to show that you
23	are contract-splitting.
24	And when that claim is made, it's left to the
25	Accounting Officer to convince the Finance Secretary or, in the

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1 first instance, the Accountant General--because it gets to the 2 Accountant General before it gets to me--as to why there's a 3 need to actually break up that particular contract into smaller 4 portions. 5 And those circulars, I mean, would they have gone Ο. 6 around Government to individual Ministries, setting out what the 7 position of the Ministry of Finance was? 8 Every single Accounting Officer was in receipt of Α. 9 those circulars because they were Finance circulars, and they 10 would go to all the Accounting Officers, copied to the 11 Ministers, the Governor, and Auditor General and so on. 12 Q. I see. 13 If you'll give me one moment, please, Mr Forbes. 14 (Pause.) 15 Just to move on to one more topic, and that is: The 16 Internal Auditor produced an audit report on the COVID-19 17 stimulus grants programmes and the stimulus programme. It was 18 produced in May 2021. I believe you have been sent a copy for 19 the purpose of giving evidence to the Commissioner; is that 20 right? 21 Α. The COVID--I don't remember seeing it in the bundle, 2.2 Commissioner, but I know of it. Uh-huh. 23 Those sitting behind me have confirmed that it was Ο. 24 sent to you, Mr Forbes. 25 All right. I'm not disputing that, but I don't Α.

1 remember reading it. But, proceed, sir. 2 And you confirm that you have received it? Ο. 3 Α. If you said it's sent to me in a bundle of documents 4 that was sent to me, I believe it is in the bundle. 5 Do you have that bundle with you? Q. 6 Α. I'm trying to bring up--it was an Internal Auditor's 7 bundle? 8 Q. Yes. 9 MR RAWAT: One way around it, Commissioner, if 10 we--it's probably a good time to go to a break. 11 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: And send it through to 12 Mr Forbes. 13 MR RAWAT: If we have a five-minute break, that allows 14 Mr Forbes to locate it, and I can--15 THE WITNESS: Can you tell me--I have some documents. 16 Can you give me the reference again, please? I will see if I 17 have that. 18 BY MR RAWAT: 19 Q. It's in the Internal Auditor's bundle, and it's at 20 page 3050. 21 Α. 3050, all right. 3050, uh-huh. 2.2 Yes, it is in a bundle, yes. I do have it. 23 Q. That's good. Thank you. 24 You should see the front is dated October 2020. 25 Yes, sir. Α.

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1	MR RAWAT: Commissioner, perhaps we ought to still
2	give the Stenographer a five-minute break.
3	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes.
4	BY MR RAWAT:
5	Q. What we will do, Mr Forbes, is pause for five minutes
6	to allow the Court Stenographer a break. And when we come back,
7	I can resume my questions on this topic, all right?
8	A. Sure, Commissioner.
9	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you, Mr Forbes.
10	Just maintain the link, Mr Forbes, and we'll be back in a few
11	minutes. Thank you very much.
12	(Recess.)
13	MR RAWAT: We're ready to start, Commissioner.
14	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Thank you. We're ready to
15	resume. Thank you, Mr Rawat.
16	MR RAWAT: Thank you, Commissioner.
17	BY MR RAWAT:
18	Q. And thank you, Mr Forbes, for coming back.
19	Hopefully, you have now got the report that I wanted
20	to take you to. If you turn over to page 3052.
21	A. Yes, sir.
22	Q. You will see there that the Internal Audit Department
23	gives the context to their Report which is that the announcement
24	by The Honourable Premier on May 28, 2020, of details of an
25	Economic Response Plan, and there is a table that shows how

1 those plans are going to -- or those sums are going to be broken 2 down and allocated. 3 If you turn over to 3053, please, Mr Forbes. Um-hmm, yes. 4 Α. There is a part of it where the Internal Department 5 Ο. 6 Report refers to the Premier charging the Internal Auditor, or 7 the Director of Internal Audi, with the task of providing the monthly reports to the Minister of Finance for transmission to 8 9 Cabinet. The evidence of the Internal Auditor was that her 10 Department was not able to fulfill this role because they were 11 not provided with the necessary information. 12 Now, this programme began in May 2020, and whilst you 13 were still Financial Secretary. Can you assist the Commissioner 14 at all as to why it wasn't possible to provide the Internal 15 Audit Department with the information it needed so that it could 16 produce these monthly reports? Commissioner, I think before I answer that question 17 Α. 18 because it's not an easy question to answer, I have to give some 19 backdrop or some indication as to the climate that was existing 20 at that--at that point. 21 Sometime maybe--may have been--and this is from 2.2 memory--the Minister of Finance had established coronavirus 23 economic and stability economic--and--Coronavirus Economic and 24 Stability Task Force--okay?--and appointed me as Chair of that 25 particular Task Force, and that was--the Task Force was tasked

1 with reporting on--or advising on a government response to the 2 coronavirus pandemic, okay?

3 I swiftly set up within the Task Force itself a 4 working group--I call it a "Focus Group"--and that Focus Group was to try and gather information because we started with--I 5 6 would say with a lot of information, highlight information what 7 were the things that plaqued us or plaqued me from the very beginning is that there were obviously these needs brought about 8 9 by the virus and the impact on the entire Territory, but then we 10 had no registered per se--I want to say a Global Register of 11 those persons who had or were in need, and were things that the 12 Task Force Working Group set up by doing--trying to collect that 13 information as best as they could.

14 One of the things the Task Force did was to come up 15 with an immediate response programme, and it was roughly costed 16 at about \$39 million, I think it was; okay? And what my office 17 did at that time was to establish what we call an 18 "Implementation Committee" drawn from persons within the 19 Ministry of Finance. I think we had a representation from the 20 Premier's Office and maybe a couple of other offices, and this 21 Committee was to work with the various agencies that were--that 2.2 I should say it was--it was anticipated that various programmes 23 would have been taken on by the respective agency. 24 For example, if there was some for farmers and

25 fishermen, if there was stimulus for them, then the Agriculture

Department or the Ministry for Agriculture would be the implementing agency, and this Implementing Committee will work with that agency to make sure you compute criteria for qualification and all that sort of thing.

5 I can go on and say that, I was head of that 6 particular implementation--I was Chair of it. I had no Deputy 7 at the time, Mr Frett, who should have been in my stead actually appearing at the Committees. But again, things were 8 9 helter-skelter around the Ministry of Finance. I'm not too sure 10 if the Commissioner--if you're aware of the states of affair 11 around the Ministry of Finance around that time because 12 remember--or I should say I went to the Ministry of Finance in 13 June of 2017. By August of 2017, we had the floods which caused 14 serious damage, very much damage to a--a lot of damage to 15 infrastructure, to private property, to homes or what have you 16 because of flooding.

Then in August--then in September of the same year 17 18 2017, we had two category 5 hurricanes, so the Ministry of 19 Finance was busy-busy trying to make sure that we tried to 20 allocate or find funding, allocate funding to make sure that the 21 funding that we were able to allocate, it was spent effectively 2.2 and efficiently. If you ask me whether certain things could 23 have been done better, I would be the first to admit yes, I 24 believe certain things could have been done better, but it 25 was--at that time all of our resources were taxed to the hilt.

1 We--we were--we were--I sometimes refer to myself as being a 2 permanent state of crisis management ever since I entered the 3 Ministry of Finance until I left because of what happened, and 4 then I didn't get as far as when we had the COVID pandemic in early 2020, you know. 5 6 So, as to whether or not the 7 implementing--Implementing Committee was very effective in 8 offering some guidance to the various agencies and implementing 9 the various programmes, the stimulus programmes, I don't think 10 because I got reports that there were difficulty in getting--in 11 getting information from some of the agencies for whatever 12 reason, and sometimes it's understandable why there might have 13 been difficulty because there was a lot of pressure on the whole 14 Public Service--not only the Ministry of Finance but the whole 15 Public Service--to deliver in a crisis, in a crisis where no one 16 have ever been through that before. No one had experienced that 17 (drop in audio), and you are basically alone as we went along. And don't believe for one moment because I remember 18 19 the Attorney General (drop in audio), the Internal Auditor 20 writes then to myself and saying--(drop in audio). 21 (Pause.) 2.2 Hello, can you hear me? Α. 23 Yes, we can. Ο. 24 Oh, you can. Because I saw something pop up on my Α. 25 screen saying the internet is unstable. All right. Sorry about

1 that. 2 The Internal Auditor wrote to myself and said that she wanted certain information. One of the things that the Focus 3 4 Group of a Task Force was tasked with doing was to come up with a policy for each of the--each of the "Stimulus Packages", if 5 6 you want to call it that, was able to do that. They were not 7 able in every single instance to come up with a policy, but some of them have policies, and then the Implementation Group or 8 9 Committee was then to work with various agencies in trying to 10 implement the Stimulus Packages.

11 So, just to take you back to the question and just if Q. 12 we could try and narrow down the answer a little bit, the 13 question I put arises from the Internal Auditor's Report and her 14 evidence which was that she couldn't respond in the way that she 15 had wanted to the Premier's request for monthly reports because 16 of a lack of information. And is your evidence that the reason 17 there was a lack of information to the Internal Auditor was that 18 because the Focus Group and the Implementation Committee could 19 not deliver on their respective roles?

A. My evidence is that I don't think there was any deliberate effort to deny the Internal Auditor the information that she requested because, as you rightly know, the Internal Audit Unit for that Department falls under the Ministry of Finance, and it is in the interest of the Ministry of Finance to make sure that they get whatever information they need to carry out their work. And I'm saying in some instances I believe the information was available. I don't think anyone was blocking the information from the Internal Auditor; at least that's the impression I had.

I'm sorry, Mr Rawat, but 5 COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: 6 Mr Forbes, the Internal Auditor did not get this information, 7 and the whole point of her being asked by the Premier to provide monthly reports was so that that could be input into the process 8 9 of implementation. That was the whole point of having monthly At the moment, I'm still not sure why the Internal 10 reports. 11 Auditor did not get this information.

12 THE WITNESS: I cannot--I cannot supply a different 13 answer to you on that question, Commissioner. I, too, was 14 tasked by Cabinet as Financial Secretary and Chairman of the 15 Task Force to supply by monthly report to Cabinet, and I was 16 only able to supply one such report to the Minister of Finance 17 again because I could not get the relevant information that I 18 needed, and I say sometimes I believe it was because the 19 information was not--was not forthcoming or not in a format we 20 could actually act on it. And I think the Internal Auditor had 21 the same problem where she was not getting the information that 2.2 she needed to do her job.

23

BY MR RAWAT:

Q. Just to clarify, in terms of you have spoken of theTask Force which you chaired and that within it had what you

1 called a "Focus Group". The Implementation Committee sat 2 outside this Task Force as part of the Ministry of Finance, did 3 it?

A. Yes, it was. It was not--it was headed--it was headed by a Ministry of Finance official, so I was the head of the particular Implementation Committee, but my Deputy was the one who was supposed to actually turn up at the meetings and, you know, on my behalf and work on it. So, there were persons who sat on the Ministry of Finance who were on that particular Implementation Committee.

Q. So, what you did--it was your aim in relation to setting up that Implementation Committee to bring together the different departments that would have a role in implementing the various elements of the COVID-19 stimulus programme?

A. Yes, but let me just say this; right? The Implementation Committee was an ad hoc body that was set up, and they were to work with the various agencies who would have had control of or have the responsibility for implementing the various stimulus programmes.

20 Q. If we look at page 3055 in that document, then, and 21 just deal with it in this way because it would be helpful to 22 know to what extent the Ministry of Finance was directly 23 involved, or you as Financial Secretary were directly involved, 24 in the various programmes. We have them listed in a table 25 there. Can you see that? "Grant Area".

1 So, if we take those as they're listed, the first of 2 those is headed the "House of Assembly Initiative". That was 3 a--it was a separate initiative to the normal assistance 4 programmes in that Members of the House of Assembly were given a 5 sum of money which was around \$300,000 to use and distribute as 6 COVID-19 Assistance Grants.

7 Were you, as Financial Secretary, involved in8 implementing that programme?

9 Α. I would say "yes" to the extent that, as Financial 10 Secretary, I advised the Minister of Finance, who is also The 11 Honourable Premier, that there needs to be some agreed 12 quidelines as to how the Members of the House of Assembly should 13 actually disburse or distribute those funds that return on to 14 their charge, okay? The Minister of Finance at that time did 15 convene an informal meeting of the House of Assembly and asked 16 me to make a presentation to Members of the House of Assembly, 17 which I did. I actually draft up some rough guidelines, very 18 not easy because there was not much time given to me to do that, 19 and I met with the Members of the House, and they basically 20 agreed some guidelines as to how they would distribute the 21 monies.

Now, if you asked me if I went back and checked to see that there were--the monies were distributed in accordance with the guidelines that were agreed with them, I would have to say "no", I have not done that.

1	Q. So, that fell to others to do that in terms of sort of
2	ensuring that the process went through according to the
3	guidelines that purchase orders were raised and monies were paid
4	out?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. That sort of level of implementation was for someone
7	else?
8	A. Yes.
9	But again, the monies were actually at the disposal of
10	the Accounting Officer of the House of Assembly, so that
11	Accounting Officer was to make sure that all expenditures
12	against that particular programme were done in accordance with
13	Government Procurement and Rules.
14	Q. Thank you, thank you.
15	If we look at the next programme, it's headed in that
16	table the "SME Initiative", so it's grants to small and medium
17	enterprises, which is 6.5 million, from memory.
18	Now, what's explained in the Report is that that's
19	involved a committee being established from the Premier's
20	Office, the Ministry of Finance, and the Department of Trade and
21	Investment Promotion and Consumer Affairs. So, was the Ministry
22	of Finance involved in implementing that committhat
23	initiative?
24	A. Again, the Implementation Committee that was
25	established to help guide implementation was also assigned to

1	that particular implementing group, so yes, the Ministry of
2	Finance was a part. I was not personally involved, although I
3	am not in any way shying away from responsibility because the
4	responsibility is mine. But again the Committee, the
5	Implementation Committee, should have been working with that
6	particular group.
7	Q. But as far as I understand your evidence about the
8	role of the Implementation Committee, Mr Forbes, is that it had
9	an advisory function.
10	A. Um-hmm.
11	Q. It was there to assist and work alongside the
12	Department that was going to run the programme; is that a fair
13	way of putting it?
14	A. Yes, Commissioner.
15	Q. And so, in terms of ultimately deciding what criteria
16	would apply, how eligibility would be assessed, what level of
17	payments might be made out, those details, was that for the
18	Implementing Department rather than that Committee that you set
19	up?
20	A. Well, the Committee, I stated earlier, was offered
21	some guidance, but the final decision was not left to the
22	Committee. The Committee was not executive in that nature.
23	Q. And so, if we takeyou have spoken about the House of
24	Assembly, but if we take the SME Initiative, then, in terms of
25	making the final decisions, was that a matter for the Ministry

1 of Finance in any way? 2 No, that was not. I believe--and I might be wrong on Α. 3 this--I believe the Department of Trade under the Premier's 4 Office may have been the lead agency in actually implementing 5 that particular programme. 6 Ο. If we look at the next programme in the table, 7 Mr Forbes, please, it's "Farmers and Fishermen Initiative", the 8 evidence we received is that the lead agency there was the 9 Premier's Office. Is that your recollection? 10 Α. Well, that's what was reported to me, Commissioner. 11 I want to go back to what I said earlier in terms of 12 setting up the Implementation Committee which was--well, I 13 should say, when the Coronavirus Task Force prepared a document 14 and submitted it to the Ministry of Finance in terms of the 15 Government response, what should be the Government response to 16 the coronavirus--right?--the assumptions there were that the 17 agencies themselves, the agencies of the Department who the 18 subject would have fall under would have been the implementing 19 agency or the Department or the Ministry; right? 20 Now, obviously it would appear that that did not 21 happen in a number of cases in terms of the implementing the 2.2 stimulus grants--right?--but the report that came to me was yes, 23 the Premier's Office was the office that was dealing with 24 the--the one who were dealing with farmers and fishermen. 25 And who gave you that report? Q.

1	A. The members from the Implementation Committee reported
2	to me that that was the case.
3	Q. But again, it's a programme that the Ministry of
4	Finance was not thewhat should we call it?the lead
5	implementing agency on.
6	A. The Ministry of Finance was not the lead implementing
7	agency. The Ministry of Finance was providing guidancewas
8	supposed to provide guidance.
9	Q. If you look at the next initiative, which is the
10	"Education, Religious, and Civic Initiative", again, is it the
11	same situation there in terms of the Ministry of Finance not
12	being a lead implementing agency but there to provide guidance?
13	A. Yes, that was the intention, that the Ministry of
14	Finance would provide guidance asto the implementing agency.
15	Q. And in that case, who did you understand to be the
16	implementing agency?
17	A. I understand thatthat it was done within the
18	Premier's Office.
19	Q. Any other agencies, or just the Premier's Office?
20	A. What I learned is that the Premier's Office probably
21	took the lead on that particular subject, and that's initiative.
22	There may have been other agencies. I don't know. I can'tI
23	can't recall exactly who the other agencies were.
24	Q. The last initiative of the five that were reviewed by
25	the Internal Auditor is the "Transportation Initiative"; and

1	again, is that the same position the role of the Ministry of
2	Finance was not as a lead implementing agency but as there to
3	give guidance and advice?
4	A. That is what thewhat that evolved to, basically
5	that. The Ministry of Finance there because we were not the
6	lead implementing agency.
7	Q. You said that it "evolved to". That suggests it
8	started in relation to this relationship at least being
9	something different, so what was it going to be for the Ministry
10	of Finance?
11	A. Well, I said earlier that it was envisaged that, in
12	implementing the initiative under the stimulus grant, that the
13	agency under whom this particular subject fell would have been
14	the lead implementing agency, and the Ministry of Finance,
15	through its Implementing Committee, would offer guidance or some
16	say as to how you go about the process.
17	Q. And in this case, which agency did you understand was
18	the lead implementing agency?
19	A. Again, I understand the Premier's Office had taken the
20	lead.
21	Q. Now, what we havejust give us some dates. What we
22	have is the Premier making the announcement of the Economic
23	Response Plan on May the 28th, 2020. If you look at that table
24	that we were looking at, it gives various dates for the first
25	payment under these five initiatives, the earliest one being

1	July 31, 2020.
2	A. Which pagewhich page are you looking at, sir?
3	Q. 3055, back to that table that I was going through you
4	with.
5	A. Okay, um-hmm.
6	Q. So, how soon after the 28th of May 2020 was the Task
7	Force set up?
8	A. I can'tI can'tI can't recall if that unit Task
9	Force was set up.
10	Q. I mean, was it a matter of days or weeks after the
11	Premier had made his announcement?
12	A. Before the Premier made his announcement, the Task
13	Force was already in operation. We were already working towards
14	advising on a government response to the COVID virus.
15	Q. So, as a Task Force, were you able to feed into the
16	plan that the Premier announced?
17	A. TheI want to beI want to be quite clear on this,
18	Commissioner. The Task Force that was established by the
19	Premier had actually produced an interim report to the Premier;
20	and, as part of that Interim Report, there wasthere was a
21	report in which the Committee was recommending or suggesting
22	certain immediate relief to certain sectors or certain areas of
23	the community, okay? When the Premier announced his
24	governmental administrative COVID responseright?theall of
25	the elements of the programme that were in his announcement was

1	not necessarily contained in what the Task Force has submitted;
2	right?
3	As Financial Secretary, the Premier and Cabinet made a
4	decision, and my job, as I perceived it, was to make sure that
5	the Government's programme was implemented in the most
6	cost-effective way, and that is why I went on to set up these
7	various subcommittees to try my utmost to make sure we get a
8	true bang for the intended money to be spent.
9	Q. Just again, I mean, the Committee that you have most
10	spoken about is the Implementation Committee.
11	A. Um-hmm.
12	Q. And that was, as I understand your evidence, created
13	to help in the implementation of these five programmes that
14	we've been looking at. How soon after May the 28th was the
15	Implementation Committee set up?
16	A. Very shortly after. Extremely shortly after.
17	Q. And as I understand it as well, it wasn't just a
18	Ministry of Finance Committee. You had people on the Committee
19	from those agencies that you expected to be the lead
20	implementing agency; is that right?
21	A. They were persons from other agencies. I cannot say
22	definitively they were represented from each agency in terms of
23	implementing the programme. But those persons would have been
24	on the group or the committee that were actually implementing
25	the particular initiative, but the Implementation Committee, the

1	ad hoc Committee, that I set up wasI cannot say there was
2	someone of representation from each agency on that particular
3	Committee. There were some.
4	Q. And your intention was that that would bethat would
5	be a committee which would be chaired by your Deputy?
6	A. Yes.
7	Q. If you just give me a moment, please, Mr Forbes.
8	A. Sure.
9	(Pause.)
10	Q. Thank you, Mr Forbes.
11	MR RAWAT: Commissioner, I have reached the end of my
12	questions for Mr Forbes today. Can I conclude, first of all, by
13	thanking him for giving up the time to attend and give the
14	evidence that he has done, but also secondly and importantly to
15	thank him for the way in which he has done so.
16	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Yes, can I echo that,
17	please, Mr Forbes. Thank you very much both for your time and
18	your helpful evidence, the evidence you have given this
19	afternoon. It's very much appreciated. Thank you.
20	THE WITNESS: Thank you, Commissioner.
21	(Witness steps down.)
22	MR RAWAT: That concludes our evidence for today,
23	Commissioner. We have three witnesses listed for tomorrow, and
24	we begin at 10:00.
25	COMMISSIONER HICKINBOTTOM: Good. Thank you,

1 Mr Rawat. Thank you. 2 (Whereupon, at 3:44 p.m. (EDT), the Hearing was 3 adjourned.)

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, David A. Kasdan, RDR-CRR, Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings were stenographically recorded by me and thereafter reduced to typewritten form by computer-assisted transcription under my direction and supervision; and that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I further certify that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in this proceeding, nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of this litigation.

Davi a. Kla

DAVID A. KASDAN